PUBLISHED MONTHLY PRICE ANNAS 8.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA.
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways Steam Boats, and Daks, Places of Interest—Inland and along the Coast, Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c.
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
"Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 53,813—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, JUNE 9, 1906. PRICE 4 ANNAS.

Milkmaid
LARGEST SALE in the WORLD.
GRAND Milk

SHIPPING.

P. & O. S. N. COMPANY.

DURING my ABSENCE from Bombay, Mr. A. H. FROOM has been APPOINTED to act as SUPERINTENDENT.

FRANK RITCHIE,
Superintendent.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON.

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
Saturday, 2 P.M. 1906.				
9th June	PERSIA	7451		
16th ,,	PENINSULAR	5294	CHINA	7912
23rd ,,	EGYPT	7912		
30th ,,	ORIENTAL	6284	DONGOLA	8050
7th July	CALEDONIA	7538		
14th ,,	PENINSULAR	5294	MONGOLIA	10000
21st ,,	ARABIA	7993		
28th ,,	ORIENTAL	6284	BRITANNIA	6525
4th Aug.	HIMALAYA	6898		
11th ,,	PENINSULAR	5294	MOOLTAN	10000
18th ,,	PERSIA	7951		
25th ,,	ORIENTAL	6284	MARMORA	10509
1st Sept.	MOLDAVIA	9500		

The above steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth, and London.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipto a connecting steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their baggage labelled with port of destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 12 and 12-30 P.M., for Medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Steam Barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly, usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at Ports on route.

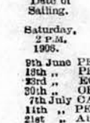
FRANK RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 28th May, 1906.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge, and on Favourable Terms, Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured,
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental and Pacific Mail Routes.
SANDBOOK giving Details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks,
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

Calcutta Agents,—GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON AGENTS.—GRINDLAY & Co.



COMPAGNIE DES
MESSAGERIES MARITIMES
FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY,
NERA	5826	Schmitz	14th June 1906.
SYDNEY	4,255	Combe	12th July ,,
AUSTRALIEN	6,635	Verron	9th Aug. ,,
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6630	Etienne	6th Sep. ,,

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT,
AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessel.	Tons.	Captain.	To Sail on or about
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,630	Etienne	30th June 1906,
YARRA	4,243	Sellier	21st July ,,

RETURN FARES TO AUSTRALIA.

Available for 24 months.
1st Class Rs. 735, 2nd class Rs. 585, 3rd class Rs. 295
For further Particulars apply to
P. de, BURE Agent.
67 Esplanade Road, Bombay.

SHAH-STEAM NAVIGATION LINE.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

Steamer.	Gross Tons.	Commander.	Date of Departure.
SHAH AMEER	2,987	B. Piggot	12th June

Excellent 1st, 2nd and Deck Accommodation
Fitted throughout with Electricity.
For freight and further particulars apply to
ESSAJI TAJBHOY,
Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay
Bombay, 28th May, 1906.

THE NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

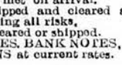
TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captain.	Arrival.	Departure.
WAKASA MARU	6234	Wale	9th June	
HAKATA MARU	6161	Anderson	12th June	23rd June
KAGOSHIMA MARU	4405	Payne	26th June	7th July
TOTOMI MARU	3112	.....	10th July	21st July

For Freight and Passage apply to
T. KUSUMOTO,
Manager,
Navsari Buildings, Hornby Row,
Fort, Bombay,

N.B.—CONSIGNEES of CARGO by the above Line are hereby NOTIFIED that NO CLAIMS for SHORE DELIVERY, DAMAGE, &c., WILL BE ENTERTAINED unless they are sent to the office within ten days after the steamer's arrival, No survey will be held on cargo warehoused or removed from the Landing Shed.

ANCHOR LINE.



REGULAR SAILINGS from BOMBAY to MARSEILLES & LIVERPOOL,

The following sailings have been arranged:—

Steamers.	Captain.	Tonnage.	Date.
MASSILIA	J Thomson	5091	23rd June
OLYMPIA	C F Osborne R. N. R.	5124	13th July
CHICASIA	A Hall	6716	17th August
BRITANNIA	R G Garrick	3069	28th ,,
SCINDIA	Shatto Abrey	5106	22nd Sept.
MASSILIA	J Thomson	5091	3rd October
OLYMPIA	C. F. Osborne R.N.R.	5124	23rd October

Bombay to Suez	Rs. 350
Bombay to Port Said	Rs. 380
Bombay to Marseilles	Rs. 525
Bombay to Liverpool (all the way by sea)	Rs. 550
Bombay to London overland from Marseilles and including 1st class rail ticket across the Continent	Rs. 600
Bombay to New York	Rs. 720
Return ticket to Liverpool (all the way by sea)	Rs. 900
Return ticket to London overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	Rs. 950

Note.—Return tickets by Steamers marked are Rs. 50 less than the above way Rs. 850 and Rs. 900 respectively.

All Return Tickets are available for 2 years.

Concession granted to Families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess, and is fitted with every comfort.

The Advertised Rates to Kurrpee include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co's. Steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to over-staying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of Steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave. For rates for steamers not carrying Surgeon and Stewardess or for any other information regarding passage apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA
STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly, from Victoria Dock Wall No. 14 Shed.

Steamer	Tons	Sailing Date	Time.
LAMA	2170	Mon. 11 June	5 p.m.
LUASA	2170	Frid. 15 June	8 a.m.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "NERBUDDA," 3,025 tons, on MONDAY, 11th June calling at Karachi, Pasni, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Mahomeh, and Basrah, also taking Passengers and cargo Koweit, on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,700 tons, on THURSDAY, 14th June calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire Koweit, and Mahomera also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR EAST AFRICA AND ADEN.

S. S. "PUTIALA," 2,936 tons, on or about 18th July calling at Zanzibar, Mombasa, Lamu and Aden.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA (direct).

S. S. "LANDAURA," 3,308 tons, on or about 15th June

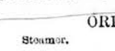
FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements Mauritius, Australia and New Zealand, apply to:—

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents,—Bombay
8th June, 1906.

KING, KING & CO.,

BANKERS and EAST INDIA AGENTS,
BOMBAY.



PASSAGES ENGAGED and best available berths secured at lowest rates obtainable by P. and O. and all other Steamers, free of charge of Commission.

Latest List of Sailings, Fares and Handbook of information furnished by return of post on application.

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES for Railway Officials, Missionaries and Family Parties obtained.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. and O.

Every assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.

Packages of every description received for Despatch as Cargo to MESSRS. HENRY S. KING & Co., London, or MESSRS. KING, BAILLIE and Co., Liverpool.

Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on application.

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CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N. Co,

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH
THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORTSAID.

DIRECT LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	F. Mosca	4,119	1st Oct. 1906.

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class	2nd Class	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 600	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

Take Passengers to West African ports with transhipment at Aden.

ORDINARY LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about.
† TRIESTE	D. Mistrorigo	5595	30th June 1906.
FRANZ FERDINAND	C. Matcovih	6040	20th July ,,
† NIPPON	S. Tomanovich	6048	31st ,, ,,
† CHINA	G. Damlanovich	6500	20th Aug. ,,

* Will call at Karachi, † Will call at Fiume

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE,

	Saloon.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 400	Rs. 150.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN TWO YEARS

1st Class Rs. 900, 2nd Class Rs. 488. Saloon Rs. 600.

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1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the st. Gothards and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the return voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., are issued at reduced Fares.

Passengers to VENICE transhipat TRIESTE to another Steamer of the Company which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO JAPAN VIA COLOMBO, PENANG SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons	To sail on or about
AUSTRIA	R. Colledani	7,600	28th June 1906.

For further particular regarding Pas sages Apply to
E. SCARPA, Agent-General.
Sassoon House, 54 Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

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THE DEMAND
FOR
STANDARD POLICIES.

EVERY YEAR since 1865 the NEW BUSINESS has exceeded £1,000,000 sums assured PER ANNUM—a result maintained uninterruptedly for so long a period by

NO OTHER BRITISH OFFICE

NEW POLICIES IN 1905 ISSUED FOR	£ 1,535,408
ACCUMULATED FUNDS	£11,300,000
ASSURANCES IN FORCE	£28,000,165

ASK FOR THE 1905
PROSPECTUS containing
the LATEST RATES and NEW SCHEMES, obtainable from
F. A. PREVOST,
Secretary, Bombay Branch.
FINNY & Co.,
Chief Agents, Madras.

R. SCOTT & Co. M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES AND COACH BUILDERS.
GOWALIA TANK VETERINARY STABLE AND COACH FACTORY.
TELEPHONE No. 3032.
Oldest Established Firm in Bombay.

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and carriage Horses selected with the greatest care for Local and Upcountry Constituents.

HORSES shod on the most approved principle with Shoes made on the premises of specially imported iron, under the immediate supervision of a first class ENGLISH FARRIER.

ARABS and C.-BREDS broken to Single (Rs. 15) and Double Harness (Rs. 30), and Saddle (Rs. 15) Walers broken to Single Harness or Saddle (Rs. 25) Double Harness (Rs. 50.) Troublesome horses charges extra.

HORSES standing at Livery on Commission Sale or for treatment, Rs. 35 per mensem including Syce. Stable rent charged on all horses, fed by owners, at Rs. 5 per mensem, Commission on horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Examination and Certificate as to Soundness, Rs. 10. Verbal opinion as to Soundness, Rs. 5.

CRUSHED HORSE FOOD best in the market, Rs. 5-8 per cwt, delivered free in Bombay, Special Mixtures, Bran, Gram, Barley, New Zealand Oats Australian Chaff, Pressed Hay, etc., supplied at lowest rates consistent with good quality.

ESTIMATES given, and Carriages of every description built of the very best materials, under personal supervision, by skilled workmen.

REPAIRS neatly executed with promptitude and despatch. Rubber tyres of finest quality only supplied. Carriages greased by contract, Satisfaction guaranteed, Correspondence invited.

HOTEL WINDSOR,

VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER,
LONDON, S. W., ENGLAND.

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ELECTRICALLY lighted throughout day and night. Moderate Tariff. Table d'Hote at Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open to non-residents). Turkish Baths.

INCLUSIVE TERMS FROM 12s. PER DAY.

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Proprietor.

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BOMBAY.
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CALCUTTA.

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REMITTANCES TO THE UNITED KINGDOM, Demand and Telegraphic, made at the current rates of Exchange, and addresses in connection with the latter registered Free of Charge through Messrs. HENRY S. KING & CO., 65, Cornhill, London.

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HENRY S. KING & CO.

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SEASONABLE.

Best for FEVERS

MALARIA no more!

Per Bot. Re. 1.

PECIFIC

F. S. MADON & Co.,
170, SHAIKH MEMAN STREET,
Zooma Musjid, BOMBAY.

THE NEW "REVLUC"
PINCE-NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.

They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
Nickel. Rs 3-8. Gold Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

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ORIENTAL
GOVERNMENT SECURITY
LIFE ASSURANCE
COMPANY, LIMITED.

Established 1874.

Trust Fund Amounting to over
Rs. 2,35,00,000.
INVESTED IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
and lodged with the
OFFICIAL TRUSTEE OF BOMBAY.

TOTAL ASSURANCES in force nearly
RS. 10,00,00,000.

ANNUAL INCOME NEARLY
RS. 50,00,000.

For Prospectus containing all particulars apply to
H. G. W. MEIKLE, F. F. A.,
Acting Manager, BOMBAY.

EUROPEAN AGENCY.

INDENTS promptly executed at lowest cash prices for all kinds of British and Continental goods, including:—
Boots, Shoes and Leather,
Chemicals and Druggists' Sundries,
China, Earthenware and Glassware
Drapery, Millinery and Piece Goods,
Fancy Goods, Perfumery and Stationery,
Hardware and Machinery,
Photographic and Optical Goods,
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etc., etc.
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STEAMSHIP LINES
arranged under the Ports to which they sail, and indicating the approximate sailings;
PROVINCIAL APPENDIX
of Trade Notices of Manufacturers, Merchants, etc., in the provincial towns and industrial centres of the Kingdom.
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THE LONDON
32, ABCHU

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GENTLEMEN'S DRESS SUITS
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From Rs. 75.
Club Dress Jackets, from Rs. 40.
New Dress Belts, Socks, Ties, Collars.

HOAR & CO., { ENGLISH TAILORS, } ESPLANADE.

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THE best genuine Russian KEROSINE imported direct from BATOUM in Cases and Tins.

Our Ram Brand is the Best Genuine Russian Kerosine Oil now available in India.

It is imported direct from Batoum and therefore not adulterated or mixed with low quality Mineral Oils, nor is it tinned and cased in Bombay.

Our Ram Brand Oil contains no heavy parts of Crude Oil and therefore having a low specific gravity, burns with brilliant light, does not emit smoke like inferior brands and does not change colour even if kept long. It is well known throughout the whole of the Far and Near East, and is exported largely to the Persian Gulf and the ports in Zanzibar, Mombassa, Chindi and other African ports. Our Oil is also used with great success for Oil Engines.

Those who try it once never use any other Brand.

Our Oil is the CHEAPEST and BEST.

Apply to:—
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LITTLE'S
PHENYLE DISINFECTANT

DESTROYS germs of all Fevers, Contagious and Infectious Diseases, CHOLERA, BUBONIC PLAGUE, etc., etc. Destroys bad smells, and keeps the home healthy. It also refreshes and invigorates, cures Prickly Heat, keeps off Mosquitoes, and other insects, cures Skin Diseases, and keeps the body healthy.

Pronounced by the American Government Public Health Board

THE BEST DISINFECTANT, AND MORE THAN THREE TIMES STRONGER THAN ANY OTHER DISINFECTANT.
BEWARE OF IMITATION.

Per bottle, 6 annas and 12 annas; per Gallon Drum, Rs. 4.

SOLE AGENTS:
PHILLIPS & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

INTENDING ASSURERS ARE INVITED TO COMPARE THE RATES AND CONDITIONS OF

THE EMPIRE OF INDIA
LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LD.
WITH THOSE OF ANY OTHER COMPANY.

HEAD OFFICE: 11, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

THE PREMIUMS

Are so moderate that, at usual ages for assurance, Rs. 1,200 or Rs. 1,250 may be secured, from the first for the yearly payment which would generally elsewhere assure Rs. 1,000 only—the difference of Rs. 200 or Rs. 250 being equivalent to

AN IMMEDIATE AND CERTAIN BONUS OF 20 TO 25 PER CENT.

ILLUSTRATIVE TABLE

SHOWING THE ANNUAL PREMIUM PAYABLE FOR VARIOUS KINDS OF POLICIES WITH PROFITS.

Age next Birthday.	Whole Life Assurances of Rs. 1,000.				Endowment Assurances of Rs. 1,000			Age next Birthday.
	Whole Life Premiums.	Premiums Limited to 10 years.	15 years.	20 years.	Payable at death, or in 15 years.	20 years.	25 years.	
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	
20	21 10	48 8	36 6	30 7	64 5	47 6	37 11	20
21	22 1	49 4	36 14	30 15	64 6	47 8	37 13	21
22	22 9	50 0	37 7	31 7	64 8	47 10	37 15	22
23	23 1	50 12	38 0	31 15	64 9	47 12	38 1	23
24	23 9	51 8	38 10	32 7	64 11	47 14	38 4	24
25	24 2	52 5	39 4	32 15	64 13	48 0	38 7	25
26	24 11	53 2	39 15	33 9	64 15	48 3	38 10	26
27	25 6	54 0	40 10	34 2	65 1	48 6	38 14	27
28	25 15	54 14	41 5	34 12	65 4	48 9	39 2	28
29	26 9	55 13	42 1	25 6	65 7	48 12	39 6	29
30	27 4	56 13	42 13	36 0	65 10	49 0	39 11	30
31	27 15	57 13	43 10	36 11	65 13	49 4	40 0	31
32	28 11	58 14	44 7	37 6	66 0	49 8	40 6	32
33	29 8	59 15	45 4	38 2	66 4	49 13	40 12	33
34	30 6	61 1	46 2	38 15	66 8	50 2	41 3	34
35	31 5	62 4	47 1	39 12	66 11	50 8	41 11	35
36	32 5	63 8	48 0	40 10	67 2	50 14	42 2	36
37	33 5	64 12	49 0	41 9	67 8	51 5	42 11	37
38	34 6	66 1	50 1	42 8	67 14	51 13	43 5	38
39	35 8	67 6	51 3	43 8	68 4	52 5	43 15	39
40	36 11	68 12	52 5	44 9	68 11	53 14	44 10	40
41	38 0	70 3	53 8	45 11	69 3	53 8	45 6	41
42	39 6	71 11	54 12	46 14	69 12	54 3	46 4	42
43	40 13	73 4	56 1	48 4	70 6	55 9	47 3	43
44	42 5	74 15	57 6	49 7	71 0	55 14	48 4	44
45	43 14	76 7	58 12	50 13	71 11	56 18	49 6	45

A PERSON OF 30 may secure Rs. 1,000 at Death by a yearly payment of Rs. 37-4 during life. The Premium would generally elsewhere secure Rs. 900 only instead of Rs. 1,000.

OR, if unwilling to burden himself with payments during his whole life, he may secure the same sum of Rs. 1,000 by twenty yearly payments of Rs. 36, being thus free of Premiums before age 50, this premium being about the same as most Offices require during the whole term of life.

OR, if preferring to make provision for his old age or for his family in case of death, he may secure the same sum of Rs. 1,000 payable at age 55 or death by yearly payments of Rs. 33-11.

TO PROFESSIONAL MEN AND OTHERS.

Whose income is dependant upon health the Limited Payment System or Endowment Assurance is specially recommended.

R. F. ALLUM, General Manager.

PLEASE NOTE THAT

DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA
IS THE ONLY ONE

In the whole of India who has received
TWO MEDALS from the INDUSTRIAL INDIAN EXHIBITIONS FOR FEVER REMEDIES.

MALARIA! CHALLENGE OF Rs. 5,000.

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PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

THE ANCHOR LINE s. s. "MASSILIA" has ARRIVED from GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL and DISCHARGES in the Victoria Dock.
CONSIGNEES are requested to PRESENT their BILLS of LADING for our COUNTERSIGNATURE and to TAKE DELIVERY of their GOODS without delay.
Packages exceeding 30 cwts. in weight will be landed on the quay at the risk and expense of Consignees unless boats are sent alongside to take delivery without delay. Consignees are hereby expressly notified that all claims for damage must be adjusted by the Steamer's Surveyor before the goods are removed from the Landing Shed. The undersigned decline all responsibilities in respect of goods removed to the Unclaimed Warehouse. All claims must be presented before the sailing of the Steamer otherwise none will be entertained.
Captain MACFADYEN will attend every morning.
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.
Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay, 8th June, 1906.

GENTLEMEN desirous of HIRING HORSES and CARRIAGES should apply to THE MANAGER, Sirdar's Agency, Apollo Bunder. Very decent turn outs always available.

IN THE ADEN SETTLEMENT OFFICE.
IN THE MATTER OF TRANSFER OF PROPERTIES AT ADEN.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS SULAIMANJI HASONALI, ABDUL KAYOOM ABDUL HUSAIN, MAHOMEDALI GOOLAM HUSAIN and HASONALI GOOLAM HUSAIN formerly trading at Aden in the name of ADAMALI SULTANALI and now carrying on business in the same, style and firm of H. ADAMALI & COMPANY, have applied to this office for TRANSFER of PROPERTIES, described in Schedule A. hereto, on their names in the manner described in Schedule B. hereto.
This is therefore to notify to all persons who may dispute the transfer of the properties mentioned in Schedule A. in the manner specified in Schedule B. to appear in the Aden Settlement Office, on or before TUESDAY, the thirty-first day of July, 1906, in person or by a duly constituted Attorney and show cause why the properties referred to above should not be so transferred :—

SCHEDULE A. referred to above.

Number of Grants or Title-deeds.	Description of the situation of properties.	Names of registered owners.
2, 22, 318, 319, 357, 358, 359, 590, 591, 600, 679, 709, 739, 740, 964, 965 and 2238.	Settlement of Aden.	Adamali Sultanali,
2093	Do. do.	Firm of Adamali Sultanali,
845, 1116, 1312, 1339 and 1599.	Do. do.	Gulam Husain Hasonali, Abdul Husain Hasonali, Abdulali Hasonali, Sulaimanji Hasonali.
2571 and 2597... ...	Do. do.	Gulam Husain Hasonali, Abdulali Hasonali, Sulaimanji Hasonali, and Abdul Kayoom Hasonali.

SCHEDULE B. referred to above.

Number of Grants or Title-deeds.	Description of the situation of properties.	Names of proposed transferees.
590, 591, 2093, 965, 1349 2238, 357, 358, 359 and 1116.	Settlement of Aden.	Mahomedali Goolam Husain, and Hasonali Goolam Husain.
739, 740, 2, 22, 1335, 1312, 679, 600 and 964, 709, 318, 319, 2571 and 2597.	Do. do.	Sulaimanji Hasonali.
	Do. do.	Abdul Kayoom Abdul Husain,

E. O'BRIEN, Captain,
Officer in charge Aden Settlement.
Dated at Aden this first day of June, 1906.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
IN THE COURT OF SMALL CAUSES AT BOMBAY.
Suit No. 252/3653 of 1905.
ABDULLALLY DAWOODJI, ADAMJI DAWOODJI and HAKIMJI AMIJI, and SAMSOODIN AMIJI, All of Bombay Parsh Mahomedan Inhabitant's, Trading in Partnership under the name of ABDULALLYDAWOODJI...Plaintiffs,
vs.
NURBIBI, widow of SHAIK DADOOMIYA BIN SHAIK BUNDAGI and MAHOMED ISMAIL SHAIK DADOOMIYA, the Administratrix and Administrator of the Estate of the said SHAIK DADOMIYA bin SHAIK BUNDAGI, deceased, both residing at Nagpada Chowki Mohalla without the Fort of Bombay..Defendants.

WHEREAS in pursuance of a Warrant of Sale of immoveable property dated the 31st day of May, 1906, the sheriff has been directed TO SELL by PUBLIC AUCTION, all the right title and interest of the Defendants in the land and premises herein after mentioned subject to the rights of the Mortgagee and without prejudice to their rights to deal with the attached property in terms of their security dated the 9th day of July, 1904, in the said property at the instance of the Plaintiffs abovenamed.
All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground containing by admeasurement 225 3-9 Square Yards or thereabouts, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Nos. 2616 and 2618, New No. 963, Old Survey Nos. 1717 and 1718, and New Survey No. 918, together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house or chawl tenements and premises standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the Eastern side of Goghari Mohalla and on the Northern side of Nizam Street, outside the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub District of Bombay, assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes formerly under No. 40, and now under C Ward No. 6213, and Street Nos. 171, 173 and 69 and 73, Nizam Street and bounded as follows:—That is, on the East by the property of Parsi Rustomji Manekji Hoshenshia, on the West by the Goghari Mohalla aforesaid on the North by the Sweeper's passage and on the South by the Nizam Street aforesaid.
Notice is hereby given to all persons having rights in or charges or claims on abovenamed property (other than claims involving an objection to the attachment or seeking the removal of the same) that they should, on or before the 27th day of June, 1906, lodge in my office a statement verified by oath or solemn affirmation of such right, claims or charges —Dated this 6th day of June, 1906

K. F. MODY,
Assistant Commissioner.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Messrs. GORDHANDAS KHATAO and DWARKADAS DHARAMSEY have contracted TO SELL absolutely to our clients the properties hereunder described all persons having any claim thereto or any part thereof by way of inheritance, mortgage, charge, gift, lease, lien or otherwise are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office, in No. 28, Esplanade Road, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same (if any) will be deemed to have been waived.

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY.

FIRSTLY.—All that piece or parcel of Pension and tax land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house built and standing thereon, situate, lying and being without the Fort of Bombay, at Old Hanuman Lane, in the Registration District and Sub-district of Bombay, consisting by admeasurment Four hundred and thirty Square Yards or thereabouts, and Registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 542, New No. 2038, Old Survey No. 40 and New Survey No. 1055, and in the Books of the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under C Ward No. 1443 Street Nos 62 to 72 and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the East by the property of Govindji Thakersey Mulji, on or towards the West by the property of Nursey Meghji, on or towards the North by the said old Hanuman Lane, and on or towards the South partly by the property hereinafter secondly described and partly by the property of Gooculdas Shivji.
SECONDLY.—All that piece or parcel of Fazendari land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house built and standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Old Hanuman Lane, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Subdistrict of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 135 5-9 Square yards or thereabouts, and Assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under C Ward No. 1443 and Street No. 1, and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the East by the property of Govindji Thakersey Mulji, on or towards the West by the property of Nursey Meghji, on or towards the North by the said old Hanuman Lane, and on or towards the South partly by the property hereinbefore firstly described and on or towards the South by the sweeper's passage.—Dated this 8th day of June, 1906.

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KIDD & SHADBOLT.	London.
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ACKERMANN—LAURANCE.	Saumur.
ANDREW ROWAN.	Melbourne.
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SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co.	London.
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JOHN JAMESON & SON, Ld,	Dublin.
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NOILLY PRAT & CIE.	Marseilles.
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Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines, Spirits, or Liqueurs, &c., from the above well-known Firms without the inconvenience and expenses of importing them direct.

PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION TO

PHIPSON & Co.,
BOMBAY.

LAWSON'S LIQUEUR WHISKY.
Justly noted for its age, softness, Mellowness, and fine Character. Strongly recommended to all who desire a good Whisky,
Of all dealers, or of
ALDRIDGE, SALMON & Co., LD., BOMBAY,
SOLE AGENTS.

NOTICE.
CHARLES DAY & CO.,
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ARE THE SOLE EXPORT BOTTLING AGENTS FOR
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And on each label must be found the following Notice and Signature,
"In order that Consumers may feel assured of genuineness, we would request attention to this our Special Export Label, and to our Trade Mark and Name on Corks, Capsules and Cases, also to age mark.
John Jameson & Son Ltd.

A SAFE REMEDY
FOR ALL
SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES
If you suffer from any disease due to the impure state of the Blood, FROM WHATEVER CAUSE ARISING, you should test the value of Clarke's Blood Mixture, the world-famed Blood Purifier and Restorer. This medicine has 40 years' reputation, and is to-day more popular than ever, the reason of this being undoubtedly because this wonderful remedy does what it professes to do—IT CURES SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES PERMANENTLY.
Clarke's Blood Mixture
IS THE FINEST BLOOD PURIFIER EVER DISCOVERED.
It is warranted to cleanse the blood from all impurities, from whatever cause arising. For

SCROFULA,	BAD LEGS,
SCURVY,	BLOTCHES,
ECZEMA,	SPOTS,
BLOOD POISON,	BLACKHEADS,
ULCERS,	PIMPLES,
SKIN & BLOOD DISEASES,	AND SORES OF ALL KINDS

it is a safe and Permanent Remedy.
It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.
NOTE. This mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, from infancy to old age, and the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.
Thousands of wonderful cures have been effected by it.
TRIED MANY THINGS WITHOUT BENEFIT UNTIL I TOOK CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.
Mr. F. E. Lewis, 48, Bridge Street Row, Chester writes :—"Just a line in favour of 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' I had eczema for seven months, and tried many things without benefit until I took your remedy. After the eighth bottle I was quite well again. Please accept this letter as a token of gratitude to your wonderful 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.'"—June 13, 1903.
IMPURITIES IN THE BLOOD.—"We have seen hosts of letters from all sorts and conditions of people, in which the writers acknowledge the benefit they have received from Clarke's Blood Mixture, which as a curative agent cannot be too highly estimated, since it cleanses and clears the blood from all impurities, and restores it to its normal condition." This is a good testimonial from the *Family Doctor*, the popular medical weekly, which goes on further to say: "It is certainly the finest blood purifier that science and skill have brought to light, and we can with the utmost confidence recommend it to our subscribers and the public generally."
Sold by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World.
ASK FOR . . .
CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE
and beware of worthless imitations and substitutes

REPAIRS OF Rs. 1-8 within 25 years I take this opportunity to tell you that the Sewing Machine, which I purchased from you, required only Re. 1 for repairs during the whole period, and it is now in good working order in all parts.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL....£1,200,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £600,000
RESERVE FUND.....£550,000
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7, BISHOPSGATE STREET WITHIN LONDON, E.
BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Delhi,	Cawnpore,	Tuticorin
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Steamer Point, Aden.		Kandy,	Chittagong.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of interest to be agreed on application.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened to approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principalities of Europe, India, China, Africa and Australia purchased or collected.
DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office an Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities o Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale o Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest an Dividends when due.
LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.
ROBERT R. ROSS,
Manager.
BOMBAY.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.,

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....	Yen 24,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	,, 18,000,000
ORDINARY RESERVE FUND...	,, 10,300,000
SPECIAL RESERVE FOR SILVER FUNDS	,, 1,000,000
SPECIAL RESERVE FUND.....	,, 1,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA,
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES;

London,	Shanghai,	Port Arthur,	Kobe.
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LONDON BANKERS.
The Bank of England: The London Joint Stock Bank, Ld.; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld.; The Parr's Bank, Ld.
BOMBAY BRANCH.
LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNTS, FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application.
CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.
K. KODAMA,
Manager.
Albert Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 100,00,000
Sterling Reserve Fund	$ 100,00,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 9,500,00
Reserve Liability of Proprietors ...	$ 100,00,00

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG:
J. R. M. SMITH, Chief Manager.
London Bankers.—LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY LD.,
LONDON COMMITTEE.
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BOMBAY AGENCY
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed at 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS
Are received for 12 months and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Credits granted on approved Securities and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.
J. A. JEFFREY, Acting Agent
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CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.
CORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL.....	£800,000
RESERVE FUND.....	£975,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.....	£800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON.
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Hamburg	Medan, Deli (Sumatra)	Hongkong
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Madras	Batavia	Tientsin
Rangoon	Sourabaya	Hankow
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THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world, buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE, issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT and undertake general Banking Business of every description.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.
Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold on account of clients and also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends when due.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
OFFICE HOURS—10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—10-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.
GEORGE MILLER,
Agent.
Esplanade Road, Bombay.

Messrs. D. J. KEYMER & Co. beg to offer their services as AGENTS IN ENGLAND. *Established in 1844, they have a thorough knowledge of the Markets, and experience of Eastern requirements.*
The heads of the Firm give personal supervision to all business, and with confidence invite those requiring RELIABLE AGENTS *for purchase of goods, sale of produce, or other business, to entrust their interests to them. Machinery orders are attended to by an expert.*
4, WHITEFRIARS STREET, LONDON. TELEGRAMS: "KEYMER, LONDON."

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.
THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT AND SUMMARY OF TRADE
Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Office on the Departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.
The Bombay Price Current contains—
A Specially-Written Market Report,
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period, as far back as 1901 and 1904 respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same periods as far back as 1901 and 1904, respectively.
Share Lists and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the publication, and Arrivals and Departures during the Week.
Cha[illegible]

MONGINI BROTHERS

RECEIVE ORDERS FOR

WEDDING CAKES

ARTISTICALLY DECORATED AND DISPATCH THEM SECURELY PACKED IN ANY PART OF INDIA.

WEDDING CAKES

OF ANY MAGNITUDE AT SHORT NOTICE.

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25-27-29 Church Gate Street—Bombay.

DR. DE ROOS'

WORLD-FAMED

GUTTÆ VITÆ

Or, LIFE DROPS.

The Great European Remedy for Nervous and Functional Exhaustion.

This remarkable rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and manly vigour to the most debilitated and worn out constitution. Those who suffer from Premature Decay, or deficiency of the Vital Forces, owing to dissipation, worry, overwork, excesses, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the Faculty as incurable, and left to drag out the remainder of their existence a misery to themselves, and a continual anxiety to their friends. In all cases of nervous and functional debility, epilepsy, fits, and poorness of the blood, aversion to and incapacity for society, study, or business, giddiness, disturbed sleep, horrible dreams, loss of memory, and other symptoms, the result of self-acquired ailments that embitter and shorten life, it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incompetency. Price 11s., or four times that quantity, 33s. per bottle.

Dr. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS, for Pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diabetes, and all Kidney Affections; weakness across the loins, Sandy or other Deposits, Dark Urine, and Diseases of the Urinary Organs generally. Price 29s. 9d.

Dr. DE ROOS' VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS, for Indigestion, Biliousness, and all disorders of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels; whilst as a universal family medicine for both sexes, at all ages, they are unequalled. 13½d. and 2s. 9d. per Box.

Dr. DE ROOS' PILE AND FISTULA PILLS, the only reliable remedy for these annoying and painful ailments. The first dose gives relief, and in all ordinary cases a few days only are necessary to effect a cure. Price 2s. 9d. per Box.

Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package of Dr. De Roos' Medicines bears the British Government Stamp, with the words, "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," impressed thereon in white letters on a red ground, and refuse worthless imitations frequently put forward by unscrupulous vendors for the sake of extra profit.

DEBILITATED and NERVOUS SUFFERERS should read the "Medical Adviser," by Dr. De Roos, on the several causes of nervous debility, impotency, depression of spirits, and confirmed melancholy. Price 1s., post free from Mr. LAWES, Medical Publisher, 14 Hand Court, Holborn, London, W.C., or obtainable of the Agents for Dr. De Roos' Medicines.

Sold by TREACHER & Co., Ltd., Bombay, Byculla, Poona.

F. & C. OSLER.

BOMBAY

Electric Light Engineers.

To His Excellency The Late Viceroy and Governor-General of India.

Highest Grade Materials only used.

Expert European Supervision.

E.2036

Electric Light Fittings.

Public Buildings, Private Houses, Banks, Showrooms Offices, &c., Installed throughout with Electric Light and Electric Punkhas for connection with the Mains of the Bombay Electric Supply Co.

Electric Fittings of Osler's own Manufacture!

ESTIMATES SUBMITTED ON APPLICATION.

Bond's Extract THE OLD FAMILY DOCTOR 60 YEARS REPUTATION

"THE HEALING TOUCH"

When suffering with the pain of BURNS, CUTS, BRUISES, ABRASIONS, INFLAMMATION, or HEMORRHAGE, the healing touch of POND'S EXTRACT comes to rob pain of its sting and helps Nature in her work

ROGER & GALLET'S PERFUMERY.

	Rs. a.
Ambrerose, Fleur D'Amour, Reve Fleur, very exquisite odours, per bottle	12 8
Iberis and Verbaiis, per bottle	8 8
Various Odours in fancy bottles	3 8

TOILET-SOAPS.

Courvoisier's Peau de Espagne, per cake Rs. 1-12, box	5 0
Courvoisier's Violette de Parme, per cake As 14, box	2 8
Roger and Gallet's Violette de Parme, per cake Re 1-4: box	3 6

BEYNON & CO.,

ESPLANADE AND MALABAR HILL,
BOMBAY.

PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL.

ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE,
Opposite the Town Hall.
Further extensions and renovations.
Spacious Dining and Sitting Room with ELECTRIC FANS.
Rooms airy and commodious with Bath-rooms attached to each.
Rates from Rs. 2-8 to Rs. 4-0 per day.
Special arrangements for monthly Boarders and Families making a prolonged stay.
Cuisine a Speciality.
Apply to the MANAGER.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

LONDON, JUNE 7.

The Bombay mails of 26th ultimo arrived at Brindisi yesterday.

SECURITIES—

2 1-2 per cent. Consols	81 1-4 ex	=	— 1-8
8 do. Rentes	98 1-4]	=	— 1-4
3 1-2 do. Indian Sterling Loans	101 3-4	=	unchanged
3 1-2 per cent. Indian Enfaced Rupee Paper	85 15-16	=	,,
SILVER—			
Spot in London	29 7-8	=	— 11-16
2 months bonds	29 1-2	=	— 11-16
Spot in New York	61 5-8	=	— 1-16
a Declined owing to speculative selling			
EXCHANGES—			
Paris cheques	25 18	=	— 1-2
Berlin	20'20	=	unchanged
New York Demand	4 85 7-8	=	+ 1-8
DISCOUNTS—			
Bank of England	4 per cent	=	unchanged
3 months' sight Bank Bills	3 3-8 do	=	— 1-8
6 ,, ,,	3 3-8 do	=	— 1-8
3 ,, ,, Fine Trade Bills	3 3-4 do	=	— 1-8
4 months' sight Fine Trade Bills	3 7-8 do	=	unchanged
INTEREST—			
Day to day loans	2 1-4 do	=	— 1-2
7 day market loans	2 7-8 do	=	— 1-8

Amount paid into the Bank of England about £325,000
Extra Council Bills allotments, Bills on Calcutta Rs. 50,000 at 1s. 4 1-32d.

SUGAR—
German granulated 1st marks 10 3 June done steady
RUBBER—
Para Rubber 5 3 sellers
WHEAT—
Red Karachi 23 1-2—1 4 June-July buyers firmer
RAPESEED—
Yellow Guzerat 47 1-4 + 1-4 M-J sellers firmer
Yellow Cawnpore 46 1-2 + 1-4 J-J sellers firmer
Brown 42 1-4—3 4 J-J buyers firmer
LINSEED—
Linseed Bold 41 3-4—4 3 J-J sellers quiet
COFFEE—
Coffee in New York 7 5-8 + 1-8
ARRIVALS—
Steamers—R Rubattino

In Liverpool Holidays until Monday.—Cotton Market closed quiet, East Indian quiet. Manchester steady. Total Sales 7,000. Spot 6'01 plus 2. Egyptian F. G. F. Brown 10 5-8. Sold on speculation and for Export 10,00. Imports 8,000. Futures closed steady.

June-July	July-Aug.	Aug.-Sep.
5'73	5 76	5 60
—1	—1	—2
Sep.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
5'63	5'58	5'57
—1	—1	—1
Dec.-Jan	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
5 57	5'55	5'53
—1	—1	—1

Receipts at U S Ports ... 6,000
Do. last year ... 10,000
Exports to Great Britain ... 3,000
Do. do Continent ... 3,000

IN NEW YORK—
Spot ... 11 20
Futures, month of July ... 10-32+6 } a
Do. do. Dec ... 10 44 + 4

Declined early owing to week ends and advanced later through bull support and short covering.

IN NEW ORLEANS—

Spot	10 13-16
Futures month of July	10 39+3
Do. do. Aug	10'61+10
Tone at close	quiet

ADDITIONAL COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Fine Broach	5 17-32
Good do	5 15-32
Fine Bhownuggar	4 26-32
F G do	4 25-32
Good do	4 23-32
Fine Ormras	4 30-32
F G do	4 29-32
Good do	4 27-32
Good M G Oomra	4 25-32
Fine M G do	4 30-32
Fine Belatee	4 18-32
Good do	4 16-32
Fine Bengal	4 8-32
F G do	4 3-32
Good do	4 31-32
Fine M G Bhownuggar	4 3-32
Good Khanderish	4 16 32
F G do	4 29-32

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay for the 24 hours ending 6 p. m. on Thursday 7th June 1906 :—

Cotton	3,075 bales.
Wheat	10,932 cwts.
Linseed	6,359 do
Rape, Rai and Mustard	2,212 do
Gingellyseed	45 do
Poppyseed	3,451 do
Groundnut	22 do
Castorseed	3,342 do
Rice	7,692 do
Myrabolams	351 do
Cottonseed	8,482 do
Mowrasood	25
Gram	4,156 do
Jowar	395 do
Maize	111 do

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Gold Bullion	Rs. 4,68,480
Gold Coin	Rs. 75,000
Exports Egypt from London	

BOMBAY, JUNE 8.

THERE is no reliable report of the burst of the monsoon on the Malabar Coast yet to hand. But the thunderstorms have increased and in some parts of the Deccan, where rain was very urgently wanted, heavy showers have fallen, and relieved the immediate distress. The weather is breaking up, and the real monsoon should be with us shortly, unless the vagaries of last year are in store for us.

The money market is much easier, and though no change has been made in the local Bank rate, a reduction of 1 per cent. was made in Calcutta yesterday. Funds are largely locked up in Bombay in Cotton, and though the Banks have free supplies and are practically out of the market for short fixed deposits, there is still a moderate enquiry from manufacturing concerns, and fair rates can still be obtained by investors seeking temporary returns.

COTTON.

The Whitsuntide holidays have intervened since our last report, and this probably accounts for the falling off in the Liverpool daily sales. The Agricultural Bureau report was published in Washington on the 4th inst., stating the average condition of the 11 Cotton States to be 84'6 per cent., and the acreage planted 28,686,000. New York market advanced some 12 to 14 points on that day, owing to bullish Government report as Reuter telegraphed. But on the 5th inst., when the Liverpool and New Orleans markets were opened after the holidays, the New York advance of the previous day was lost. It is generally understood, that even at the comparatively low figure of acre ge given by the Bureau, the crop promises to be amply sufficient to go round, if there is a continuation of the recent very favourable weather conditions. And it also seems probable that the Agricultural Bureau have rather under than over estimated the acreage, as many of the private reports put the figure at about thirty millions. The future, however, entirely depends on the weather conditions, though such week, as it now passes, tends to insure a bumper crop, barring accidents. There are rumours current of a glut in some of the large consuming markets of the manufactured article, and it seems quite possible that the very large consumption of the raw material during the past two years, may be materially reduced in the future.

The following are the daily closing quotations for Spot Middling Americans in Liverpool and New York, since our last report :—

	Liverpool.	New York.
June 1st	5'02	11'25
,, 2nd	closed	closed
,, 4th	do.	11'30
,, 5th	5'05	11'25
,, 6th	5'00	11'20
,, 7th	6'01	11'20

The following are the daily closing quotations for futures, Liverpool, July-August, and New York July :—

	Liverpool.	New York.
June 1st	5'78	10'50
,, 2nd	closed	closed
,, 4th	do.	10'62
,, 5th	5'73	10'40
,, 6th	5'77	10'51
,, 7th	5'76	10'62

LUXURY FOR THE SKIN.

"The Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap is pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin," writes Lady Constance Howard, Countess of Wemyss, says "It gives much satisfaction." The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is a highly agreeable and beneficial Luxury for the toilet, bath and nursery and leaves the skin in a purely refreshed and healthy condition. Delicately perfumed. All Chemists, Stores, etc., sell it.

The local market has been dull throughout the week. A big fire occurred last Saturday night, when a large godown, containing about fifteen thousand bales of cotton was entirely gutted. Several fires have taken place at Colaba lately the origin of which is said to be spontaneous combustion, and a great deal of speculation has taken place in the trade as to the actual cause. The Fire Insurance Association has advertised a reward of Rs. 10,000 to any person giving information that will lead to the detection and conviction of any one who may have caused last Saturday's big fire.

The trade generally has been engaged in removing all cotton bales into godowns from the Colaba Green. The heavy shower on Wednesday night hurried up the loiterers, and most of the cotton is now under cover.

The actual business recorded has been on small lines. Shippers were enquiring for high class M.G. Bengals, stocks of which are apparently very limited, and fancy rates were asked and obtained for real superfine cotton Pending the advent of the rains throughout the growing districts, business seems likely to remain on its present retail scale.

In new crops there is little doing. We quote as ollows at the close :

Khandeish	M.G F.G. January	Rs. 199
K. A. K.	M.G. Fine do.	,, 209
Bengals	M.G. F.G. do.	,, 179
do	M.G. Fine do.	,, 199
Broach	M.G. Good March	,, 233

RECEIPTS OF COTTON AT BOMBAY.

	Total for week.	Total since 1st Oct. 1905.	Total same time last Season.
	Bales	Bales	Bales.
Khandeish	1859	420993	291372
Central India	2337	130211	121918
Barsee and Nuggur	3127	140184	111124
Berars	3404	489235	341705
Central Provinces	5434	344491	367442
Total Comras	16121	1536309	1436801
Dhollera	7777	174226	75171
Broach	1221	209903	203125
Compta and Dharwar	3837	73114	73683
Western	1058	22070	10317
Bengals N-W Provinces	130	305936	344050
Bengals Rajputana	2145	35529	69328
Sind	182	29944	88140
Persian	7	1694	2332
American	422	14536	48392
Egyptian	nil	1466	1379
Other Sorts	1568	3748	6592
Total	34,488	2,405,038	2,386,332

COTTON STATISTICS.

	Bales.
Receipts for the week	34,488
Receipts from 1st Oct. to 7th June	2,445,038
Shipments for the week to Europe, China, Japan, and Coast Ports	49,427
Do. do. do. do.	659
Total	50,086
Total Shipments from 1st Oct. to 7th June	
Europe	788,431
Japan	344,930
China	18,900
Coast Ports	21,832
Total	1,174,129
Afloat in harbour for Europe	12,129
China, Japan, and Coast Ports	2365

Official quotations of the Bombay Cotton Trade Association, Limited :—

	Fine. F.-G.	Good. Ordy.
Bengal, H. G. (fty. terms)	183 173	Ready.
Bengals M. G. (fty. terms)	196 186	do.
Sind-Punjab (M. G.)	195 185	do.
Comrawuttees (descriptions)	M.-G. 200 194	do.
Khandeish (M.-G.)	201 194	do.
Julgaum (M.-G.)	202 195	do.
Khundwa (M.-G.)	201	do.
Khangaum, fair staple (M.-G.)	203 197	do.
Karanja do. (M.-G.)		
Akola do. (M.-G.)		
Yeotmal (M.-G.)	205 200	do.
Dhamangaum Poolgaum (M.-G.)	205 199	do.
Nagpur Kamptees (M.-G.)	210 204	do.
Broach (M.-G.)	243 238	do.
Bhownugar, (M. G.)	230 220	do.
Do (H. G.)	230 210	do.
Muttia (M.-G.)	206 194	do.
Dosarwar (S.-G.)	257	do.
Westerns	233	do.
Compta (M. G.)	209	do.

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED.—After the settlement of May Suttas the spot market has recovered about 4 annas per cwt. We quote Rs. 7/12. September Suttas have not responded to the rise, and there are sellers at Rs. 8. Native dealers who had bought ready against sales for September delivery are now reversing the operation, buying forward and selling ready.

RAPESEED.—This market is dull, and depressed. The Punjab crop is now ready and supplies are increasing from that side. Calcutta demand has also slackened. The rates here are still above the parity of home quotations. We quote :—

Brown Cawnpore	Rs. 7-4
Yellow do	,, 8-4
Yellow Guzerat	,, 8-4
Brown Dahlia	,, 7-6

POPPYSEED.—The market is quiet at Rs. 8/2 ready and Rs. 8/5 September.

GINGELLYSEED.—Quotations are unchanged with nothing doing.

COTTONSEED.—Steady at Rs. 19/8.

CASTORSEED.—The rate has further declined and we quote Rs. 37 in a quiet market.

WHEAT.—The market is quiet owing to cloudy weather. Supplies are very small. The local mills are out of the market for present requirements. New Suttas for April-May 1907 in Delhi white wheat [illegible] per cwt.

Week's arrivals of wheat and seeds into Bombay :—

Wheat	73 813 cwts
Linseed	40,246 ,,
Rape, Rai and Mustard	22 832 ,,
Gingellyseed	3 077 ,,
Poppyseed	24 073 ,,
Groundnuts	403 ,,
Castorseed	32,541 ,,
Rice	69 433 ,,
Myrabolams	7,847 ,,
Cottonseed	95,059 ,,
Mowrasood	991 ,,
Gram	23,007 ,,
Joowar	2,535 ,,
Maize	293 ,,

FREIGHT.

This market is dull with very little enquiry. We hear of small bookings of seeds at 11s. for Antwerp and Dunkirk, and at 11s. 3d. for Hamburg. Cotton was booked at 12s. to 13s. 6d. for this month's loading. Speculators quote : 11s. to 13s. 6d. June according to port and cargo, 11s. 6d. July and 12s. to 13s. August to December. The steamer Wearmouth is reported fixed at 11s. one picked port June loading.

MONEY.

BANK RATE—

Bank of England since 3rd May.	4 per cent.
Bank of Bombay do. 24th ,,	6 do.
Bank of Bengal do. 7th June	5 do.
Bank of Madras do. 29th May	6 do.

The following is the Weekly Statement of the Bank of Bombay for the last week as compared with the previous one :—

LIABILITIES.

Public Deposits	Rs	25,03,072 Decrease
Other Deposits	,,	18,73,038 Increase
Sundries	,,	40,034 do

ASSETS.

Government Securities	Rs	10,00,539 do
Other Authorized Securities	,,	10,416 Decrease
Credits on Securities	,,	1,40,757 do
Loans do.	,,	4,05,953 do
Bills discounted & purchased	,,	21,75,058 Increase
Balance with other Banks	,,	3,00,824 Increase
Sundries	,,	44,736 do
Cash	,,	1,20,917 do

These figures show a decline in the trade demand of 46 40 lakhs.

The Bank of Bengal weekly cash balance shows a rise of 27 lakhs, while that of the Bank of Madras is 2 lakhs up. No change in the Bank rate was made locally or in Madras, but in Calcutta the rate was reduced 1 per cent. to 5 per cent. per annum. The money market is easy, and funds are more plentiful. We quote 3 per cent. per annum for short fixed deposits of one and two months.

COUNCIL BILLS.

The total amount of Council Bills sold during the week ending on Tuesday evening was Rs. 43,70,000. At the weekly allotment on Wednesday the whole forty lakhs put up for tender was taken in bills at 1s. 4d., no telegraphic transfers being allotted. Tenderers at this rate received 32 per cent. The amount advertised for next week is reduced to thirty lakhs. An extra allotment of half a lakh in bills at 1s. 4 1-32d. is announced.

The mail of the 25th May brings £360,000 silver and £70,000 gold to Bombay, also £160,000 silver and £10,000 gold to Calcutta, and the following Council Bills :—

Calcutta	Rs. 24,70,000
Bombay	,, 2,80,000
Madras	,, 3,30,000
Total	Rs. 30,80,000

The mail of the 1st June brings £330,000 silver and £30,000 gold for Bombay, also the following Council Bills :—

Calcutta	Rs. 17,20,000
Bombay	,, 8,80,000
Madras	,, 5,00,000
Total	Rs. 31,10,000

The mail of the 8th June brings £2,20,000 silver and £40,000 gold for Bombay, £420,000, silver and £20,000 gold for Calcutta, also the following Council Bills :—

Calcutta	Rs. 25,40,000
Bombay	,, 8,90,000
Madras	,, 5,20,000
Total	Rs. 40,50,000

EXCHANGE.

This market was very dull at the commencement of the week owing to holidays at home, and even when they were over, things improved very little. Bills are very scarce and the few that are offered are held for concessions until the very last moment. A good line of Bank Demand was taken on Thursday by the Bazar, at 1s. 4 1-32d. for two mails. In Bank wire at 1s. 4d. the enquiry has practically ceased, and even at 1 32d. to 1 16d. higher for forward delivery there are no takers. Nor are there any forward bills in the market in Bombay, Calcutta makes a few spasmodically.

EXCHANGE.—Tone Quiet but steady.

Bank T. T.	...	...	1s. 4d.
Bank Demand	...	...	1s. 4d.
Trade Bills 3 Months Sight D.A.			1s. 4 7-32d.
Do. 3 do. do.	...	...	1s. 4 11-32d.
French Francs 3 do. do.	...	...	170
Marks 3 do. do.	...	...	138 3-4
Hongkong 30 Days Sight	...	...	152
Shanghai 30 do	...	...	212
Japan 30 do	...	...	150 1-2

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

There is nothing special to report in this market during the past week. Quotations remain fairly steady but business is slack in the bazaar pending the arrival of the monsoons.

	Repayable.	Rates.
3 1-2 per cent. cash		Rs. 93-11
1st settlement 29th June		93-10
4 per cent Bombay Port Trust	1923	104 4
4 per cent ,, ,,	1930	104 4
4 per cent ,, ,,	1933	104 8
4 per cent ,, ,,	1937	104 8
4 per cent Bombay Municipal	1[illegible]	104 0
5 per cent ,, ,,	1945	104 0
5 per cent ,, ,,	Tanna	120 0
5 per cent ,, ,,	Sanitary	118 0
4 per cent BJ. Imp. Trust	1959	104 0
4 per cent ,,	1964-65	104 0

BULLION.

The reserve of silver in the Currency Department has increased by about three crores, and owing to this speculators are selling heavily in London, where the price has declined during the week from 31 1/8 to 29 7/8. Locally the price has fallen to Rs. 76-9. India is not buying much silver at present.

	Rs. a. p.
English Bar Gold	24 0 9
Australian Bar Gold	24 0 0
Bombay do.	24 0 0
English Shield Sovereigns	15 2 6
Do Dragons	15 0 0
Silver ex-duty Ready	76 2 0
Do. 1st settlement	76 9 0
Do 2nd do	76 11 0

PIECE-GOODS.

WHITES.—There is nothing doing. Prices are unchanged with sellers at last quotations but no buyers.

GREYS.—There is a small demand at last week's rates which dealers are meeting. Up-country buyers are holding off until definite reports are to hand of the rains.

LOCAL YARNS.

The following are the latest telegrams received from China :—

	Unsold.	Unclearad.	Weekly Sales.
Hongkong	88,000	48,000	700
Shanghai	82,000	26,000	1 700
	170,000	74,000	2,400

250 000 Bales.

The local market is quiet but steady.

METALS.

COPPER YELLOW METAL.—Market steady but nothing doing with Offices.

IRON AND STEEL.—Markets firm. There are good deliveries from the bazaar and also some enquiries for forward.

SPELTER, PIG-LEAD, QUICKSILVER } Quiet, nothing doing.

COALS.

Market very quiet with no business reported. Recent fixtures of freight Calcutta to Bombay are reported at Rs. 4 for June, and Rs. 4-8, August to October loading.

SHARES.

The market is quiet and unchanged. Bank of Bombay shares are quiet at Rs. 1,465. In Mill companies Central Indias are unchanged at Rs. 2,025. Chinas have improved to Rs. 1,135. Connaughts have improved from Rs. 540 to Rs. 560, Colaba Land to Rs. 965, Currimbhoys to Rs. 1,235 Davids have gradually improved to Rs. 485. Empress have ruled at and about Rs. 510. Howard and Bulloughs have changed hands at Rs. 610. Imperials have changed hands at Rs. 309 and later on at Rs. 190. James Greaves have improved to Rs. 535. Jubilee have changed hands at and about Rs. 650, for July delivery. Leopolds have declined to Rs. 104. Madras United have changed hands at Rs. 3,400, Presidency have changed hands at Rs. 970. Queens have ruled at and about Rs. 860. Swadeshis have improved to Rs. 1,550. Kohinoors are unchanged at Rs. 655. Laxmi Cotton are reported to have changed hands at Rs. 1,190. Centuries have changed hands at Rs. 2,165 to Rs. 2,170. Crescents have ruled at and about Rs. 412 1-2. Phoenix are quiet at 112 1/2. In Press Companies Mofussels are quiet at Rs. 562 1-2. New Berars have changed hands at Rs. 537 1-2. Indian Cotton are unchanged at Rs. 137 1-2. In miscellaneous list Badham Piles have changed hands at Rs. 151. Bombay Flours at Rs. 670, Oriental Life at Rs. 146. Port Cannings are quiet at Rs. 430. Bombay Telephones have changed hands at Rs. 31 1/4. The rest are quiet at previous quotations. In Railway companies Tapti Valleys have changed hands at Rs. 465, Ahmedabad-Prantej are unchanged hands at Rs. 525, Amritsar Patty have changed hands at [illegible]

SCIATICA and KIDNEY DISEASE.

PATIENT WHEELED ABOUT IN A BATH-CHAIR FOR 6 MONTHS. SPECIALIST DECLARED HER INCURABLE.

Mr. Henry Boxer living at 38, Westlake Road, Rotherhithe London, England, writes :—"Gentleman —I feel I must write and thank you for the great good my wife is deriving from Doan's Backache Kidney Pills. This time last year she was so ill with sciatica and kidney disease that she entirely lost the use of her limbs, and was unable to stand. I had to carry her about the house like a baby. The doctor said that if I did not get her out of London, I should not have her very long, so I got her down to Sheerness to some of her relations, who were very kind to her. She was wheeled about in a bath-chair for three months, and although the change of air did her good, she was still unable to walk when she returned home. I made her a pair of crutches, which improved matters a little, and at this time a friend advised us to try Doan's Backache Kidney Pills. I got some for my wife and she seemed better after the second or third box, so she persevered with the medicine, and ever since then she has made good headway. She does not get the awful pains in the back, and is quite another woman, I have got her 30 boxes of Doan's Pills altogether, and her remarkable cure is the talk of the neighbourhood.

"Either of us will be only too glad to speak for Doan's Backache Kidney Pills any time and you are welcome to publish this letter—I am gentlemen, gratefully Hy. Boxer.

Some months after receiving this letter we sent our representative to see Mrs. Boxer "I am still in splendid health to-day, the grateful women said. "and can get about the house quite nicely, as well as help with the housework. I still use Doan's Pills occasionally, for I find they keep me in such good health."

"Yes" Mr. Boxer joined in, "and I wouldn't like to be without a box of Doan's Pills in the house for they have saved my wife's life. Since I wrote you last, she has been down to Sheerness again, but thank goodness not to be wheeled about in a bath chair, for she can walk as well as anyone, and our relations in Sheerness are astonished at her cure. Before she used Doan's Pill, no one thought she would live and for nine months she was unable to leave her bed, A specialist in kidney troubles, who had her case in hand, said to me, I don't like to tell you but there's not the slightest hope of your wife pulling through her disease is one that nothing can cure. A local doctor, too side ; It's no use my coming to see your wife any more, I can only give her the same medicine over and over again and I can never do her any good she is past a cure.

"However I would'nt give up hope and I kept trying different medicines until I heard of Doan's Pills. Before my wife had finished the third box, she seemed going right ahead improving quickly and she has been well as you see her to-day for a long time. Words cannot tell you how grateful we are for the happiness Doan's backache Kidney Pills have brought to our home.

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are Rs. 2 a box, or 6 boxes for Rs. 10. Of all chemists and druggists or direct from the proprietors, the Foster-McClellen Co., 8, [illegible] Street, Oxford Street, London, [illegible] on receipt of price.

'FLORILINE'—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid 'Florline' sprinkled on a wet tooth brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly-whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. The Fragrant Florline," being composed in parts of Honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the [illegible] discovery of the age. Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale depot, 33, Farringdon Road, London, England.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES DEATHS and MEMORIAM Notices which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, is Re 1 for six lines or less and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

EUROPE.

BIRTHS.

ANDERSON—May 18, Yokohama, Japan, wife to Thomas Coldwall Anderson of a son.

DUNSTERVILLE—May 20, at 10 Alexandra Mansions West End Lane, N W, wife of Major E L Dunsterville R E of a son.

JENKINSON—May 20, at 103 Eaton Square, wife of Major Charles Jenkinson, of a son.

LEITH—May 15, at 13 Queen's Road, Aberdeen, wife of Lieut Col A H Leith, of Glenkindie, Aberdeenshire of a son.

NEWELL—May 15, at Hazelhurst, Horsyald Avenue, Malvern, wife of Capt H A Newell, Indian Army of a son.

SALVESEN—May 16, at Torsvon, Polmont Station, Stirlingshire, wife of Major C E Salvesen, late Royal Engs of a son.

BYRNE—May 20, at 14 Craigerne Road, wife of a Capt H F Byrne, York and Lancaster Regt of a daughter.

HARRISON—May 15, at Maydeken, near Canterbury, wife of Major T A Harrison; Indian Army of daughter.

STUART—May, 15 at King's Court, Chan ler's Ford, the wife of F G Stewart, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

CONWAY—LEGGE-NEWBOMBE—Jas Conway L R C P L R C S I late captain Royal Army Medical Corps son of Capt Conway Lahore India to Georgina widow of the late Alf ed John Legge-Newbombe

DICKINS—MACKAY—May 15 at the Church of the Holy Cross Seend Frederick Dickins Royal Garrison Art to Florence eldaughter of James Mackay J P

LORD—COOPER—May 16 at Christ Church Bridge Capt Frank Raigrie Lord Army Service Corps son of the late Dept Surg-Gen Robert Gillman Lord Bombay Medical Service to Evelyn Martha daughter of H Stanley Cooper

DEATHS.

BROMLEY—May 13 at Government House St Christopher West Indies Sir Robert Bromley Bart of Stoke Newark administrator of St Christopher and Nevis aged 32

BY THESEA—May 18 at 22 Ashburn Place S W Admiral Sythe an V C C B C I E

ENGLEDUE—May 15 at Tavistock Col Wm John Engledue late Royal Engs aged 63

GORDON—May 12 at Earlston Kirkcudbright Sir William Gordon Baronet of Earlston late lieutenant-colonel 17th Lancers aged 75

HALLIDAY—May 12 at 23 Cornwall Road W Charles John Halliday son of the late Sir Frederick James Halliday KCB

HUNTER—May 19 at Richmond Barracks Dublin H M L Hunter Royal Berks Regt aged 28

VAUGHAN—May 20 at 124 Gloucester Terrace Hyde Park Sir James Vaughan K t J P formerly one of the Metropolitan Police magistrates aged 82

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

BARFF—May 30, at Quetta, the wife of J A Barff, of a son.

BRANDRETH—June 2, at the Honse Remount Depot, the wife of Major E Brandreth, of a daughter.

ROBERTSON—May 29, Melrose, Nalni Tal, the wife of Captain J C Robertson, I M S, of a daughter.

SMITH—June 5, at Kallana, the wife of Captain H M Smith, 58th Light Infantry, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

PEARSE—PETRIE-HAY—June 2, at the Church, Hunsur, by the Rev A F Lyall, Chaplain Mysore and Mysore, George Raymond Pearse, of Coorg Coorg Estate, Coorg, son of Colonel C J Pearse, late Mysore Commission to Mary Louise Petrie Hay, only daughter of William Frederick Petrie-Hay, Hunsur, and grand-daughter of the late George Petrie-Hay, of Kilintore near Keith, and J P for the County of Banffscotland.

DEATH.

KEIGHLEY—June 3, at Mussoorie, Beatrice Mabel, the infant daughter of Captain Keighley, Viceroy's Bodyguard, aged 24 days.

"Unless we have proteid we die.—Gamgee"

KEMP'S

Protumen

REGD. PURE MILK PROTEID.
PROCESS PATENTED.

Is certified by the "Lancet" to contain 93 per cent. Proteid. From the Purest fresh English Milk. It is the most nourishing substance known, is free from starch or sugar, and is easily digested producing great sustaining power. It contains more Nitrogen than any other food stuff known

THE LONDON "LANCET" says "Protumen must possess extremely high food value. It readily peptonises and is therefore easily digestible. It is the flesh forming constituent of a natural food, a very powerful and concentrated form of nourishment.'

	Rs. a.	
PROTUMEN ½ lb. packet	0 12	each.
PROTUMEN 1 ,, ,,	1 4	,,
PROTUMEN 1 ,, ,,	2 6	,,
PROTUMEN Corn flour	0 12	,,
PROTUMEN Arrowroo	0 14	,,
PROTUMEN do.	1 8	,,
PROTUMEN Chocolate Cakes	0 8	,,

Kemp & Co Ltd.

MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS.
7, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

Sing a Song of Sixpence
A Pocketful we mean
Earned in Stitching Garments
On SINGER'S SEWING MACHINE.

The maid who in the garden
Was hanging out the Clothes
Exclaimed : What lovely hems and frills
These garments do disclose.

The Queen and the millions
From high born to the low
Praise SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES
So splendidly they sew.

But buyers must be cautious
As counterfeits are made
And offered as the genuine
By tricketers in the Trade.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises 5h 22m., Sun sets 6h 36m., High Water, 0-32a, 1-33a, Low water 6-23m., 7-26a.

TO-MORROW.

Sun rises, 5h, 22m. Sun sets, 6h. 36 m. High water, 1-19m., 2-19a. Low water, 6-23 m., 7-26 a.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, China, Japan and Australia per s.s. Devanha will be closed at the General Post Office at 11 a.m. on Tuesday the 12 h inst.

THE J. N. WADIA MAHIM DISPENSARY.—The following patients were treated at the J. N. Wadia Mahim Charitable Dispensary, during last month Males 72 ; Females 42 ; Children 53 : Total 1,039. The daveria attendance was 53 7.

BANDORA CARMEL CHURCH.—On day the 10th instant, being the 13th anniversary of the Church of Our Lady of Mount Carmel, Bandra, there will be a High Mass at 6-30 a.m. and the same evening at 6 30 p.m (STD) there will be rosary, sermon followed by Te Deum and Benediction.

THE KHOJA SAJUNBHOY MERRALLY'S DISPENSARY.—During May the number of Khoja patients that were treated in this dispensary was 1,029. Among them the number of new admission was 420 ; classified as stated :—Men 121, Women 140, Children 159. The average daily attendance was 52.

THE 'LAWYER' has recently changed hands and in the first number published under the Editorship of Mr. Trikamlal Ranchodlal Desai, a Vakil of the High Court, is set out the lines of conduct which will be followed. A legal journal may be two things, the "Lawyer" combines both and contains not only interesting comments on points of law but much other matter of an equally useful but less readable nature—to those not specially concerned.

THEFT FROM A FIRE-TEMPLE.—Rustomji Nasserwanji, a Parsee, in the employ of Mr. J. Bodymoney, reported to the police that about four months ago, the Parsi fire-temple at Nawab's Tank, was taken over by the Port Trust for demolition. He, therefore, collected all the copper utensils belonging to the fire-temple and locked them up in a room of the fire-temple. On Thursday evening a Parsee priest named Rustomji Burjorji went into the room to see if everything was safe, when he discovered that the place had been broken into and all its contents of the collective value of Rs. 305 carried away.

MUSIC AT THE PYKE'S APOLLO RESTAURANT.—The Victoria String Band will play the following programme of music, at the Pyke's Apollo Restaurant between 7 and 10 p.m., to-day :—

March	El Capitan ... Souza
Overture	Semiramis ... Rossini
Valse	Les Baisers ... Al Margis
Selection	The Cingalee ... Monckton
March	E Scraglini ... E Di Lo, na
Valse	The Earl and the Girl ... Ivan Caryll
American Sketch	By the Swanee River ... Myddleton
Cake Walk	Weary Willie ... John Moret

AN UNGRATEFUL NEIGHBOUR.—Mr. P. H. Dastur, Second Presidency Magistrate, disposed of yesterday at the Masagon Police Court, a case in which Baloo Ganoo, a mill-hand, residing at Jacob Circle, charged his neighbour one Ramchander also a mill-hand, with enticing away his wife Talbai, aged 14 years, and with misdemeanour Mr. Boyce, pleader, appeared for the complainant, while Mr. Daivi, pleader, defended the accused. It appeared that both the complainant and the accused worked in the one and the same mill at Parel. They were neighbours and were also good friends. The complainant lived with his wife Tai. The accused visited Tai now and again, which did not please the complainant and he warned the accused against visiting her any more. About a month and a half ago the complainant missed his wife. He learns that the accused too was missing. The accused had taken Talbai to a house at Sewri, and had instigated her to lodge a complaint with the police against her husband to the effect that he had ill-treated her and that he had given her up. The accused pleaded not guilty to the charge and based his defence on Talbai's abovementioned complaint to the police. Subsequently she had returned to her home of his own accord. His worship in disposing of the case convicted the accused and sentenced him to pay a fine of Rs. 100 on each of the two charges, with the alternative of two months' rigorous imprisonment.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, JUNE 8.

IN Burma there has been local rain. The chief falls are : Thayetmyo one inch, Minbu one and a half inch, Yamethin half an inch and Akyab two inches. Skies are still moderately to heavily clouded, temperature has fallen in stations where rain has occurred and

WE ... ...

WANT ... ...

YOU ... ...

TO be more comfortable this hot weather. You can avoid that sticky feeling, that unpleasant perspiration and that danger from chills.

BY WEARING PURE WOOL MATERIALS.

Give our materials a trial this summer and you will be surprised how less unbearable the hot weather will seem.

We are now making light-weight PURE WOOL Flannels, Serges, Worsted Coatings, etc. and samples will gladly be forwarded on application to :—

THE MANAGER,

DEPT. "4,"

THE NEW EGERTON WOOLLEN MILLS CO., LD.,

DHARIWAL, PUNJAB.

MARCKS & Co., Ld., MARCKS & Co., Ld.,

BOMBAY & POONA.

The Company's Stock is the Finest Manufactured and is obtained direct at absolutely first cost from reliable English Manufacturers.

WATCHES, JEWELLERY,
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WATCHES, JEWELLERY,

THE COMPANY'S WATCHES should be inspected before deciding elsewhere.
PRICE LISTS ON APPLICATION.

MARCKS & Co., Ld.,
MARCKS & Co., Ld.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

GUARANTEED CARRIAGE RUBBER TYRES

COUPE'S STEEL WHEELS.

MOTOR CAR TYRES.

Inner Tubes & Outer Covers of all Sizes.

RUBBER MATTING, ACCUMULATORS, HORNS, &c., &c., &c.,

BICYCLE ACCESSORIES,

Tyres, Tubes, Etc., of Best DUNLOP make.

OUR GOODS CHALLENGE COMPETITION AND ARE GUARANTEED TO BE WITHOUT BLEMISH.

For prices etc., apply to

GOVINDJI MADHOWJI & Co.,

4, Hummum Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

POONA AGENTS,

MESSRS. FRENCHMAN & Co.

54 CIVIL LINES.

THE

POONA MAHABLESHWAR MOTOR SERVICE.

VISITORS should kindly note that we are not running large cars to seat 9 persons and for all classes of people to sit in, but Luxurious, Small 3 Passenger Cars. Also we do not induce you to book seats at low and absurd rates and charge you Re. 1 for each 10 lbs luggage, nor do we increase our rates in June for the Down journey.

We do not wish you to spend Rs. 3 for your Breakfast on the road. We take you for Breakfast at 11-0 O'clock.

So our rates are equal to such slow motor Services.

THE POONA MAHABLESHWAR MOTOR SERVICE.

264, Main Street Poona.

WM. HUTCHINSON & Co.,

BANKERS MERCHANTS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS.

TRAFALGAR BUILDINGS.

NORTHUMBERLAND AVENUE

CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. C.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS PULLICATE LONDON.

A. B. C. CODE USED.

CONSIGNMENTS of PRODUCE received and disposed.

INDENTS executed with care and promptitude.

PASSAGES booked by a line of Steamers.

ALL AGENCY BUSINESS undertaken.

The representative of WM. HUTCHINSON and Co., on DEPUTATION, Board Steamers from [illegible] on arrival at Plymouth, of Co[illegible] Breakfast Luncheon or Dinner.

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC Co.,

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS AND CONTRACTORS.

STOCK & SHOW ROOMS.

9-11, MEDOWS STREET

BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

LETTERS, PARCELS, and TELEGRAMS for HIS EXCELLENCY the GOVERNOR, the Military and the Private Secretaries, the Medical Officer, and the A.-D.-C., in waiting, which cannot be delivered at GOVERNMENT HOUSE, MAHABLESHWAR by 12 noon on 11th June, 1906, should be addressed to GOVERNMENT HOUSE, GANESHKHIND, KIRKEE, until further notice.

J. H. DuBOULAY,
Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay.
Mahableshwar, 4th June, 1906.

Accidents and Disease

INCLUDING

ENTERIC FEVER

INSURED AGAINST BY

THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS, ASSURANCE COMPANY,

One of the Oldest and Wealthiest Accident Companies.

INDIAN AGENTS

MESSRS. KING KING & Co.,

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If you are unable to play the Piano, these Instruments will enable you to do so, with pleasure to yourself and your friends.

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MARTELL'S BRANDY.

Their Brandy is shipped under their well-known Blue and Silver Labels and trade marks bearing the name and style

J. & F. MARTELL,

and none other is genuine.

Messrs. MARTELL & Co. have NO CONNECTION with any other firm whatever, and no other person or firm is entitled to describe his or their Brandy or any other Brandy as "Martell's Brandy," or to use in connection therewith Messrs. Martell's well-known label or any imitation thereof.

Notice is hereby given that immediate proceedings will be taken against any person or persons found Importing into or selling in Bombay or elsewhere in India, under the name of Martell's Brandy "or under any label in colourable imitation of Messrs. Martell & Co.'s well-known label, or under any trading name or style in imitation of the trading name or style of Messrs. Martell & Co., any brandy which is not of Messrs. Martell & Co.'s own manufacture and bottling.

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VINCENT AND COMPANY,

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Nairn, 2334 tons, Captain Naile, will sail today for Calcutta in ballast.

THE steamer Allsacraig 2166 tons, Captain A D Moody, arrived in harbour on Thursday evening from Aden 31st May in ballast.

THE City Line steamer City of Lucknow, 2371 tons, Captain R S Miller, sailed yesterday, for Karachi, with the same bottom cargo.

THE Asiatic S N Co's steamer Nawab, 2241 tons, Captain J Clingam, sailed yesterday for Calcutta via coast ports, with a general cargo.

THE Anchor Line steamer Scindia, 3253 tons, Captain S Abrey, sailed yesterday for Marseilles and Liverpool with a general cargo and passengers.

THE Anchor Line steamer Massilia, 3250 tons, Captain John Thomson, arrived in harbour on the 7th instant, from Liverpool 15th May with a general cargo and Oil and Mrs Shepingham, and Mr and Mrs Kearton and four deck passengers.

THE Nippon Yusen Kaisha, Line steamer Wakasa Maru, 2384 tons, Captain J W Wale, will sail to-day for Kobe, &c, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mr R Furugori, Mr K Ohtain, Lieut H G Fraser, Mr G Claridge and 5 natives and 47 deck.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

IN THE STREAM.

H M S Fox-Capt J B Enstace Cruiser.

IN GOVT. DOCKYARD.

H I M S Hardinge ..Comdr J H D St John ....R I Marine
R I M S Investigator....Comdr T H Heming .....Survey St
Three Torpedo Boats.....Royal Navy

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR—June 8.

10&11 Divanha.....1041 Hide .....China 13-6 P & O Co
Hoseinee.....993 Roberts.....P Gulf & P S N Co
Puttalam .....1929 Willsden .....Zanzabar 31 M & Co
Mazagon .....3280 Hall.....P & O S N Co
Kt Batchelor .....4141 Finnis .....K Nixon Hull 22-5
Querimba.....4937 Smith .....M M & Co
Madura.....1802 MacLean.....M M & Co
Iqbal.....3490 Robertso n.....K Nixson & Co
Vadala .....2161 Skinner.....M M & Co
Nalro .....2324 Naile .....W & A Graham & Co
Alaviaa .....2574 Dexter .....E Tajbhy
Ahmadi.....1540 Stroak's.....B & P S N Co
Neptune.....2153 Roberts.....E Latham & Co
Shira .....2400 Cann .....The Captain
Langbank .....2905 Route .....W & A Graham & Co
Pekin.....2522 Le ttet.....NF.....P & O Co
Dido .....3127 Pickering.....Finlay Muir & Co
Satara.....3.09 Tyrrell.....M M & Co
Ashtabula .....4027 Harwood .....Standard oil Co
Vancouver.....2860 McDongal .....W & A Graham & Co
Mashtari.....1119 Willoughby.....B & P S N Co
Verbudda.....Lowing .....M M & Co
Imani.....2779.....Jamieson.....K Nixon & Co
Strathairly .....2783.....Horni .....R A Wills
Delhi .....1783 Andr ws .....China .....26-6 P & O Co
Persia.....1195 Haughton .....London 9-6 P & O Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Shed. Vessel. Ton. Capt. Destination. Dat Agents.
A Clan Mackay....1653 Higgins ...Genoa.....28-6 F Muir & Co
B Treadhaam Hall ....2691 Clement .....Liverpool .....15-6 K & Co
C&R Merton Hall...2773 Prowse... New Port..9-5 Anonsmoth
F Sgand .....3498 Cunningham.....N F .....M M & Co
G Mahamadi.....1252 Storey Geddes 12 6.....B P S N Co
K Wakasa Maru ..3384 Wale .....Japan.....8-6 N Y Kaisha
M Peninsular.....293 Palmer .....Aden 16 6 P & O Co
N Nederdeis .....3417 Hutzog ...Hamburg ...12 6 F Muir & Co
O Secunder .....1073 Main ..Mauritius 9-5 .....H S Sidick
P General.....1480 Melpbank .....Z'zar.....15-6 A strandes

P D H W

Kanori .....553.....Mhd .....B'negar..... 12-9.....S & Co
Coorland.....700.....Ebrahim.....M & A...9-6.....S & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Chanda .....3543 Mellice .....Antwerp..12 6 M M & Co
3 D Baldrino .....3944 Cogtwil .....Genoa.....15-6 Crocco
4 Isclda .....781 Dodero .....China .....17-6 F Crocco
5 Ras Issa .....3440 Parrett.....Dunkirk..11-6 Graham & Co
6 Landaura.....2155 Daggo .....Calcutta .....M M & Co
8 Shah Ameer...1922 Figo .....Calcutta.....16 6 E Tajbhoy
15 Hindoo .....153 Jones .....K'chi.....16 6 F Muir & Co
16 Dalmatia .....3105 Hamilton ..Lpool..9-6 W & A G &Co

H W V D

Linga.....553.....Mhd .....Rickford .....K'chi .....M M & Co

ARRIVALS.

June.	Vessel.	Commander	From
7	Massilia s	Thomson ...	Liverpool, May 15
	Allsacraig	Moaby	Aden, May 31
8	Egypt s	London	London, May 18

DEPARTURES.

June.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
8	Franklyn s.....	Browne.....	Karachi
	P Artelli s	Radonovich	Trieste, &c
	Lhasa s.....	Rothwell	Karachi
	Nawab s	Clingarn	Calcutta, &c
	Scindia s	Abrey	Liverpool, &c
	City of Lucknow s	Miller.....	Karachi

The following vessels obtained their portclearances yesterday :—

Steamer Wakasa Maru, Wale, for Kobe, &c
" Nairn, Naile, for Calcutta

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—

Steamer Allsacraig, for Middlesbro
" Massilia, for Marseilles, &c

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Vessels.	Names.	From
June 5 Palitana	A D Morton	Rangoon
Sunda	L Y Archdracon	Singapore
Queda	R H Coope	Rangoon

DEPARTURES.

Bome	W J de N Guy	Rangoon
Ethiopia	A R W Handcock	Rangoon
6 Wildonie's	W Raising	Bassein & New York
Onda	W H Wetkeys	Bombay

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

June	Vessels.	From
1	Methley Hall	Liverpool
3	Glen Colsboin	Coast
3	Clan Macdonald	Liverpool
4	Taroba	Rangoon
5	Camberwell	London

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

The B I S N Co's steamer Matiana passed Lisbon on the afternoon of the 7th instant.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Stuart left Suez on the afternoon of the 7th instant.

The City Line steamer Trafford hall arrived at Liverpool from Bombay on the morning of the 7th instant.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Messageries Maritimes Co, steamer, Ville de la Ciotat left Marseilles for Bombay on the 6 instant, and she is excepted here on the 1st instant.

The N Y K Steamer Hakata Maru left Colombo for Bombay on the 7th instant and is due here on Monday 11 instant.

The Messageries Maritimes Co. steamer Ville de la Ciotat left Marseilles for Bombay on the 8 instant and she is excepted here on tue 33 instant.

DIVINE SERVICE.

TRINITY SUNDAY, JUNE 10TH 1906.

ST. THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

8 a m—Matins
9 30 a.m.—Holy Communion—Choral—Agutter in G
Hymns—160, 153 and 127
5-30 p m.—Evensong and Sermon—The Lord Bishop of the Diocese will preach the Sermon
Canticles—Charris
Hymns—160, 164 and 169
Collections for—Church expenses

Daily—Matins at 8 15 a.m. and Evensong at 5-30 p m
Daily—Holy Communion at 7-45 a.m.

CHURCH OF OUR LADY OF DOLAGA CAUSEWAY.

8-30 a m—Church Service Preacher—Rev A J Reynell
6-30 p m—Evening Service—Preacher Rev C R Jerdel Smith B A
5 p m—Sunday School
9 to 10 p m—Social Hour

WESLEYAN CHURCH, VICTORIA GARDENS,

10 a m—Preacher Rev C Ryder Smith B A
6-30 p m—Preacher—Rev A J Reynell
5 p.m.—Sunday School

BOMBAY BAPTIST CHURCH—Sellasis Road (Opposite Byculla Club).

9-30 a.m. and 6-30 p.m.—Sunday Services—Preacher Rev John O'Brien.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN, PAREL.

8 a m—Holy communion
8-45 a.m.—Matins
Hymns—153, 502, 164, 165 and 169
6-30 p m—Sunday School and Bible Class for Young men
6-30 p m—Evensong and Sermon
Hymns—153, 502, 164, 165 and 2

MISSION CHURCH GIRGAUM.

8 a.m.—Holy Communion
11 a m—Morning Prayer, Litany and Sermon
6-30 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon
Collections for the Tract and Book Society

THE UNITED FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND, (Waudby Road.)

8-30 a m—Children's Service
11 a m—United Service—(St Andrew's Church)
6-30 p m—Evening Service—Rev R MacOmish

ST. NICHOLAS SEAMEN'S CHURCH, (Prince's Dock.)

6-30 p m—Evensong and Sermon
8-30 a m—Holy Communion

ST ANDREW'S CHURCH, (Church of Scotland.)

11 a m—Morning Service
6-30 p m—Evening Service
Psalm—42
Hymn—21
Hymn—380
Hymn—276

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH, MALABAR HILL.

8 a m—Matins
8-30 a m—Holy Communion
6-30 p m—Evensong
Hymns—164, 281 and 153

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST'S CHURCH, COLABA (Afghan Memorial Church)

8 a m—Holy Communion (Sung.)
10 a m—Matins and address (Parade)
5-30 p m—Children's Service
6-30 p m—Evensong and Sermon

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

Approximate return of traffic for week ended 25th May 1906, on 504'35 miles open.

	Oncoming Traffic Receipts	Meroandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (estimated.)	Total Earnings
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total traffic for the week	1,30,000	3,05,000	4,000	4,39,000
Or per mile of Railway	258	604	8	870
For previous 10 weeks of half-year.	27,83,440	56,53,104	59,777	8,511,331
Total for 11 weeks...	29,23,451)	59,63,104	63,777	8,95,933
Comparison.				
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	1,38,186	3,03,965	4,043	4,46,194
Per mile of Ry. do.	274	6.3	8	885
Total to corresponding date do. ...	28,44,706	52,77,995	1,34,339	83,67,030

Miscellaneous for the week ..... Rs. 7,196 [illegible]
Miscellaneous to date ..... " 7,00,[illegible]

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LONDON IN BOMBAY.

LONDON IN BOMBAY.

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and

ALL WINE MERCHANTS.

COX & CO.

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BAGGAGE received for shipment and clearance.

INSURANCES of every description effected.

List of representatives and correspondents and all information in connection with Agency business furnished on application.

HEAD OFFICE :

16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications intended for publication in our columns must be addressed to THE EDITOR and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette.

SATURDAY, JUNE 9, 1906.

PARSIS IN PERSIA AND IN LONDON

THE day before the mail left was what was described by Sir William Lee-Warner as a Red Letter day for the Indian Section of the Society of Arts. Our London correspondent says he can recall no meeting in the Society's Historical Room in John Street so full, so distinguished and so enthusiastic, since that at which Lady Lugard spoke on Nigeria. The room was filled to overflowing with ga deeply interested and most attractive audience ; but what at once struck him on entering was the presence of probably every Parsi in London, while the Parsi ladies occupied the whole of one side of the platform, and the front benches before the platform, on to which they had been marshalled by Sir George Birdwood, and Dr. John Pollen. Nothing more charming and lovely could be conceived than the massed colouring of their robes, to say nothing of the sparkle of the innumerable bright eyes and the smiles irradiating them. Major Sykes read a paper on the Parsis of Persia, so I will say that was the occasion and it was at once recognised as a masterly exposition, in the simplest terms, of the ancient history and modern condition of the Parsi people of Iran. It was throughout heartily applauded by an audience which was especially well informed on the subject of the paper. But Major Sykes's master-stroke was his direct, straightforward, and weighty appeal to the Parsis of Bombay—represented in the room by Sir Jehanghier and Lady Cowasjee Jehanghier, Mr. Bomonji Petit, Mr. and Mrs. Dorab Tata, and Mr. and Mrs. R. Tata and others—to wake up and rouse themselves to the material and moral assistance of their co-religionists in Bombay. Heartily seconded by Lord Curzon who presided in this appeal, an immediate impression was made on the audience. Sir Muncherji Bhownagree pointed to Mr. Bomonji Petit as a millionaire who had just given five lakhs for a Parsi hospital in Bombay, and said he could guarantee that the desired assistance should be given. No sooner was this said than Dr. Pollen said he had been enabled to announce a donation to Colonel Sykes's Persian Parsis' Amelioration Fund of £500, given by a Parsi present who desired to remain anonymous : and there can be no doubt now that henceforth the welfare of the Parsis of Iran will be recognised as one of the most pressing of their national duties by the Parsis of Western India. It was a unique incident in the history of the Society of Arts, and one that will render the night's meeting memorable. Lord Curzon's enthusiastic speech, though very short, was effective, and on concluding it he at once called upon Sir George Birdwood to speak. Sir George was followed by Sir M. M. Bhownaggree ; and he by Dr. Pollen. Sir George Birdwood's contribution was valuable as a learned commentary on some of the more abstruse matter dealt with by Major Sykes, to which as usual, Sir George gave a marked note of actuality ; but what most interested the audience, was the diversion he caused by vindicating the accuracy of Major Sykes's account of Zoroaster, against the criticism on it by Lord Curzon who has always considered Zoroaster to be a mythological person. Sir George said that that view had been completely exploded by the researches of French and German Orientalists during the past few years ; and for a moment some present were apprehensive that there would be a repetition of something of the sort of onslaught Sir George made on Dr. Pollen in connection with the subject of Esperanto ; but recalling to the meeting that Lord Curzon was announced to speak at the Milner Dinner in another hour, he said he would postpone a full review of the point raised to the report of his remarks in the Society's Journal. Following speakers took the hint, and in a few moments one of the most successful of the functions of the Society of Arts was brought—amid general congratulations—to its close.

In his paper, Major Sykes was able to show that at Yezd and at and around Kerman some ten thousand Persians still cling to the ancient faith as taught by Zoroaster. The Parsi of Kerman he described as a well-built man with a distinctly Aryan head, in which connection it is found that his authropometrical measurements are invariably larger and indicate a higher type than those of his fellow-countrymen, who are a mixed race, whilst the Parsis are extremely pure. Compared with the Mohammedan, he is better favoured and healthier, as Zorosatrianism not only discourages but condemns fasting ; moreover, smoking being forbidden, there are no opium smokers among the Parsis, whereas the whole of the people of Iran are slowly but surely becoming tainted by this vice, which is spread more than anything else by the month of fasting, during which opium is first taken as a medicing. As men of business, the Parsis drive very hard bargains, and in many ways show the spirit of a down-trodden race ; but, compared with the Mohammedans, their integrity and reliability are most conspicuous, and they are frequently employed by Persian noblemen as superintendents of estates, and in other positions of trust. They are also held to be the best gardeners in Persia, which fact shows that the influence of the old religion, which held agriculture to be the only calling worth following, is still a living force. But they suffered terrible disabilities and Major Sykes told his audience that one spring shortly after his arrival in Kerman, a priest threatened to kill any Parsis who left their houses during this period on the theory that they would pollute the ground. The result was that they suffered a heavy daily loss, and in their need, they appealed to him for aid. He took the matter up strongly, and the Governor-General seized the offending ruffian and imprisoned him. Thanks to this and other enlightened actions of the Persian authorities, the position of the Parsis has steadily improved, and whereas a decade ago [illegible] dared to engage in trade, they are now monopolising various branches of it. They have also undoubtedly benefited by the spread of the Babi faith, a special tenet of which is the broadest toleration.

As to their need of assistance from their co-religionists in Bombay it seems that no effort was made on their behalf until the time of the re-imposition of the poll-tax. Since it has been abolished, the funds have been devoted to education, which has but recently been permitted to Parsis in Persia. In Major Sykes's words, the crumbs from some rich man's table would supply their needs and he concluded his paper by an appeal to the Parsis in India in which he told them that, although the Indian section was numerically greater, that of Persia was finer in physique and appearance though backward in all that makes for progress. And he asked them whether it was not their bounden duty and their obvious interest to provide adequate funds to educate and help the backward section. Was it not to their obvious advantage to push development and trade in Southern Persia and in the process of such development to send as many of their sons as possible back to the glorious climate of the Iran. He was astonished that no Parsi of means had taken up the problem, which, apart from the wide future it opened up, would "revitalise the whole Zoroastrian community, which otherwise seems threatened with extinction." Major Sykes's final words were very much to the point when he exclaimed : "I know that the Parsi leaders of Bombay plainly told me that they feared the dangers and hardships of Persian travel, but surely all Parsis have not become soft from a surfeit of prosperity. I also saw monuments of Parsi munificence all over Bombay, and it struck me that the Zoroastrians of Persia, who have no doctor or dispensary of their own, had a claim on all this, but had been forgotten. I do not know whether my words will produce any effect, but I foresee that the destiny of the Zoroastrians is bound to their ancient home of Iran with links of steel, and that the Parsi who assists to fulfil that destiny will leave a name behind him that will outshine in lustre than of all the merchant princes of Bombay." It was a powerful appeal and we need not be surprised that it excercised an immediate effect. Let us hope it may also be lasting.

LABOUR IN FRANCE.

Though May-Day proved quite tame in comparison with what was anticipated in Paris, the fight between labour and capital in France is waging as strongly as ever. The battle for and against an eight hours' day goes on without abatement and the struggle centres round the iron, steel and automobile industries and the building trade. The movement of the last two months has been revolutionary in the most complete sense of the term, and it has been characterised throughout by the violent attitudes of the Labour leaders. It is easy to see that the eight hours' day claim is but a pretext for the commencement of that struggle of classes which anarchists have for years been slowly instilling into the brains of the too receptive French workmen. They are being led by certain revolutionary charlatans along a road which will lead to economic disaster. The General Revolution by means of a general strike, is not only a mathematical impossibility, but an economic monstrosity ; yet this is what is now publicly advocated. The fierce war now raging between capital and labour will, if continued much loager, do irreparable injury to some of the most flourishing of French industries. The demands of the men not only embrace a diminution in the hours of labour and increase in the rate of wages, but the Labour Unions even demand a workmen's commission for each factory, a body of men chosen from among themselves to keep an eye on the operations of their masters. These extravagant demands have resulted in the formation of a Masters' Union. The importance of this cannot be exaggerated. A meeting was held recently to consider the situation and the trades represented included the founders, the machine and engine builders, the boiler makers, the automobile, cycle and allied industries, the agricultural-machine makers of France, the sheet-iron manufacturers, the copper founders, the manufacturers of railway and tramway material, the manufacturers of ironmongery, the electrical industries, etc. ; in short, the meeting was attended by the representatives of all having an interest in any way in the iron and steel trades of the country. The chief action of the Masters' Union has been to found a strike fund and armed with this an ultimatum has been sent to the workmen that "considering that the present movement is not of an economic order, but a revolutionary movement, the seventeen Chambres Syndicales here represented declare that work in their factories, affected by the strike movement, will not be resumed except on the old conditions." It is pleasing to see a firm stand taken against the impudent demands of those whose position is due to the generosity of their employers. It may be presumed that France has noted recent events in our Parliament and shudders lest she should have the same thurst upon her. This time the Labourites have over-reached themselves. A far more useful suggestion than a workmen's commission to supervise the operations of the master would be a lunacy commission to supervise the professional agitators and a proper police force to prevent strike rioting. The French masters will have the sympathy of every right thinking man who belongs to any sphere of life, other than that which is born to ignore the eighth commandment.

SIR EDWARD CLARKE AND THE CITY.

THE announcement of Sir Edward Clarke's resignation of his seat in Parliament is only what was expected as soon as he returned from his trip in the Mediterranean, where he had gone for the benefit of his health. On his return a letter from Sir John Puleston, on behalf of the City Conservative Association, calling upon Sir Edward to explain his utterances in his hands, and the reply was eagerly awaited. That letter has been answered in the only way in which it well could have been answered, by Sir Edward's resignation of his seat. Sir Edward, who is a great Londoner,—perhaps, the most distinguishsd man living who can claim to have beeu born within the sound of Bow Bells—was elected to a City seat on the strength of his own popularity and integrity. Now, the City is overwhelmingly Chamberlainite, and it had sent Sir Edward to the House with a large majority. So delighted were the citizens with the prospect of being represented by Sir Edward, that they assumed off-hand that he was politically one of themselves. But the City Conservative Association (having in mind the Sir Edward of six years ago!) took care to assure themselves that Sir Edward was at one with them, and they had him "on the carpet," as it were, before he was finally nominated to fight a contest in the City. Sir Edward apparently satisfied the leaders of the Association of the soundness of his views on Conservative affairs generally, and he fought a good fight and won. The House assembled, and in due course Fiscal affairs came on the tapis. When Sir Edward's turn to speak came he [illegible] supporters by giving [illegible] reactionary and vacillating opinions upon the one question for the sturdy propagation of which he was sent to the House. We are sorry to see Sir Edward Clarke in his present plight, but we trust his political career is over—at least so far as the Unionist party is concerned. For, with Plymouth in memory, it is now perfectly clear that Sir Edward is not to be relied on. We like an ambitious man, but we like him to "play the game." When Sir Edward was fighting the City a few months ago, and his opponents—and there were many Conservatives who refused to believe in him—were dubbing him Pro-Boer at every turn, we explained his attitude upon the war in these columns, and endeavoured to show that his views were totally unidentical with the ranting crew who gloried in their Little Englandism when Britain's honour was at stake. But Sir Edward had undoubtedly availed himself of the patriotic outburst to win Plymouth, only to turn and rend his own friends, and we are compelled reluctantly to the conclusion that he has simply repeated himself in the City of London. Except as a Liberal, Sir Edward Clarke's political career is now over. We hope he will have the wisdom no longer to pose as a friend to the Conservative party. His seat will now doubtless be offered to the Hon. Alban Gibbs, who chrivalously yielded up his own membership for the City to Mr. Balfour when the ex-Prime Minister was defeated at Manchester.

THE new scheme of reorganization in the Political Department is likely to be issued shortly.

THE Assistant Principal of the Madras Veterinary College has been declared a Gazetted Officer.

THE Rev. Brother Forde has resumed the Principalship of St. Joseph's College, Coonoor.

THE Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Bombay will preach at the evening Service at St. Thomas' Cathedral, to-morrow at 6-30 p.m.

AMONG the passengers who arrived in Bombay yesterday by the P. & O. Co.'s Mail steamer Egypt were Mr. J. D. Inverarity, and Mr. F. Strangman.

THE rebuilding of Dharmsala Cantonments has been proceeding for some months past, and the 1st Gurkhas should be housed in their new lines before the rains set in.

THE sanction of the Secretary of State to the proposals of the United Provinces Government regarding the superior police grades has been received. They have retrospective effect from the 1st April.

WE understand that the Kodur Railway Accident Case will not be heard on the 11th instant at Cuddapah, as already announced, but that it will, in all probability, be taken up for trial on the 21st idem.

As the cultivation of Egyptian cotton in Sind has been so successful on a small scale, it is now intended to put six thousand acres under crop. The area will be extended yearly as the people become accustomed to the new departure, and realise that Egyptian methods must be followed in raising the cotton.

THE statement of traffic of the Ahmedabad-Prantej Railway for the week ending 14th April, amounted to Rs. 5,463, being an increase on the corresponding week of last year of Rs. 2,116. Total earnings from 1st January to 14th April, were Rs. 68,470, being an increase on the corresponding period of last year of Rs. 7,126.

FROM the 26th ultimo to the 1st instant, 4 Europeans, 14 East Indians, 15 Native Christians, 367 Hindus, and 52 Mahomedans died within the limits of Madras, making a total of 452. The death-rate was 46·1 per mille, the mean for the previous years being 36·1. The deaths are thus classified :—Small-pox 9, fevers 85, bowel-complaints 80, and other causes 278.

As the Punjab Government has decided to keep Dharmsala as the capital town of the Kangra District, the question of a light railway into the Valley should come to the front again. Private enterprise has failed to make use of the concession offered by Government, and the latter may now, perhaps, examine more closely the prospects of such a line. Kangra has fallen on evil times, its once flourishing tea-industry having come as a crowning misfortune. But it has still capabilities of development, and there is no [illegible] with its growing fruit-trade. If a 2ft. 6in. railway were built from Pathankote, both Kangra and Kulu would benefit, and some measure of prosperity would be restored to them in compensation for the loss of life and property in the earthquake. The pilgrim traffic alone to the various Hindu shrines would be a valuable asset to the railway.

It is of interest to note that Zoroastrians of Persia often identify their prophet with Abraham, their object being to gain recognition for themselves as being Ahl-ul-Kitab or "People to whom a revealed book (recognised by the Mohammedans) has been vouchsafed." Such people, i.e., Christians and Jews, are accorded a much higher position than the heathen in Mohammedan theology and, although hopelessly doomed to hell, their hells are higher up than those of the people without a book. That this is no new claim is proved by a passage wherein Josafa Barbaro, the famous Venetian traveller of the fifteenth century, mentions that "Thense (re. from Yezd) ye go to Meruth, a little towne, and two daies Jo-rney further is a towne called Guardi, in the which there dwell certain men called Abraini, which is in myne opiaion either be descended of Abraham oreils have Abraham's faith, and they weare long heare."

IF one were to believe the rumours which obtain currency in Peshawar, from time to time, the construction of the Saiiana extension railway would be given up in despair. When the survey party was withdrawn from the advanced sections, owing to the question of alignment not being settled, it was said that the attitude of the Mohmands had brought about a stoppage of work. A little later further difficulties with the tribesmen were indicated though work between the starting-point and the Kabul river was proceeding quietly and satisfactorily. Now we are told that the Mullagoris do not look with favour upon the line passing through their territory. As this small clan is protected from both Mohmands and Afridis by the influence which Government exercise over the Khyber region, and as they have everything to gain by the building of the railway, the story palpably absurd. The Mullagoris are dependent for existence upon British protection, and the report that work on the line has once more been stopped owing to their attitude need not be taken seriously.

SIR GEORGE BIRDWOOD, the other day, described the Pharisees as the "High and Dry Church" and "the Conservative party and Imperialists of their day", and the Sadducees, as "the Agnostic and Hedonists and Little Englanders of their time". They represented, he said, the two divisions into which educated man everywhere fall—there were the two divisions of the "Scribes, or doctors, lawyers, and teachers and professors among the Jews", and "they were just like ourselves—the Pharisees and Sadducees of us."

THE death of Rear-Admiral John Bythesea, V.C., C.B., C.I.E., occurred at his residence, 22 Ashbourne Place, S.W., on May 18. The admiral, who was the youngest son of the Rev. G. Bythesea, of Frashford, Somerset, was born on June 15, 1827, and educated at Greenwich College, Bath. He entered the Royal Navy in 1841, and in 1849 was promoted to the rank of lieutenant. While serving in the Baltic during the Russian war on board the Arrogant he obtained the Victoria Cross for an act of great bravery. With the assistance of one of the crew he cut out the Russian mails from the care of a strong escort, and returned to his ship, making his prisoners row him aboard. For this deed he was given the command of the Locust, and shortly afterwards was promoted to post captain, being then the youngest of that rank in her Majesty's Service. On his return from the Baltic, where he was present at Bomarsund and Sveaborg, he was the second officer to receive at the hands of Queen Victoria the Victoria Cross. On the beginning of hostilities with China in 1858 Cap. Bythesea joined Lord Elgin's escort squadron under the command-in-chief of Capt. Barker, and was present at the taking of the Peiho Forts. Capt. Bythesea was in command of the Cruiser, and was very active in forcing the passage of the Yang-tse at Nankin. At the Council of War to consider the situation it was by his advice that the manœuvres was attempted and under his superintendence carried to a successful issue. In 1870 he was again on active service, greatly distinguishing himself in command of the Phœbe in the flying squadron under Admiral Sir Geoffy Hornby. He was appointed to the Royal Commission on the Defence of Canada in 1862, and remained at Washington as naval attache from 1865 to 1867. From 1874 to 1880 he was naval officer to the Government of India, and through his exertions the old Indian Navy of the Hon. East India Company was revived in the remodelled form of the Indian Marine. In 1874 he married Fanny Belinda, [illegible] the late Col. G. Nelson Prior, who survives him.

INDIA IN PARLIAMENT.

INDIA AND THE NEXT COLONIAL CONFERENCE.

IN the House of Commons on Monday, May 21, Sir C. Dilke asked the First Lord of the Treasury, in reference to a statement of the Secretary of State for the Colonies, that a Colonial Conference would be held in April, at which it was the desire of the Government to promote measures for closer unity of the empire ; whether that conference was to be confined to representatives of his Majesty's Government and of the self-govern

"TINNED MEAT" IN THE HOUSE.

AN UNSATISFACTORY STATEMENT.

Action in the Garrisons.

MR. HALDANE CONDEMNS THE PACKERS.

MR. ROOSEVELT ATTACKED,

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JUNE 7.

Mr. Haldane, replying to a question, in the House of Commons, said he was unable to promise to suspend the purchases of American tinned meat for the Army as a large quantity had been bought and we had a large contract for a further supply. He had, he said, sent a most expert officer to inspect the meat before and during manufacture and would do the same with all tinned foods. We had wide powers under our contracts. He reminded the House that the purity of home products had been raised in the past. He knew personally the disgusting conditions of packing in the States.

LONDON, JUNE 8.

In consequence of the Chicago revelations the military authorities are thoroughly overhauling the tinned meat stores at the Garrisons and Woolwich dockyard.

LATER.

Mr. Wilson, the Chicago packer, has been re-examined and said that Chicago's foreign meat trade had diminished by half and,if continued, it would be a terrible calamity for the West whence the stock was drawn.

Mr. Armour, the head of the well known firm of packers of that name, has been interviewed in Paris and said that the revelations had been engineered by President Roosevelt who had a personal spite against the packers.

THE ROYAL MEETING AT VIENNA.

Greetings Sent to Italy.

LONDON, JUNE 7.

The Emperor William and the Emperor Francis Joseph have exchanged cordial telegrams with King Emmanuel expressing unalterable mutual friendship.

LONDN, JUNE 8.

The German official press is jubilant over the exchange of telegrams between the three monarchs indicating the solidity of the Triple Alliance, but the unofficial papers are doubtful as to the sincerity of Italy.

MEMORIAL TO FIELD-MARSHAL NORMAN.

Indian Medal at Sandhurst.

LONDON, JUNE 7.

Lord Roberts announces that the memorial to Field-Marshal Sir Henry Norman will be a gold medal for the Sandhurst Cadet passing first on the Indian list, also tablets in St. Paul's Cathedral, Chelsea Hospital and the Cantonment Church, Delhi.

RESIGNATION OF SIR EDWARD CLARKE.

A New Cunard Boat.

THE "LARGEST AND HEAVIEST IN THE WORLD."

LONDON JUNE 7.

The twenty-five knot turbine Cunard steamer, Lusitania, has been launched on the Clyde. She is the largest and fastest vessel in the world, her tonnage being 32,500.

The Minotaur has launched at Devonport to-day and is the heaviest Cruiser afloat with an unusual number of heavy guns.

THE FORCE IN EGYPT.

Garrison Considered Adequate.

The withdrawal of the Worcester Regiment from Egypt is due to military and in nowise political reasons. It is considered that their presence is now unnecessary as the other reinforcements have sufficiently strengthened the Garrison.

DIPLOMATIC MISSION TO FEZ.

An Echo of the Algeciras Conference.

LONDON, JUNE 8.

A Diplomatic Mission, headed by the Italian Minister Signor Malmusi, has arrived at Fez to secure the Sultan's adhesion to the Algeciras Conference.

PEASANT RISING IN RUSSIA.

Increase of Incendiarism.

MILITARY FORCE RESISTED.

The peasant revolution is rapidly spreading in Russia and especially in the North-West. The burning of estates and organised resistance to the military are general.

INDIAN CIVILIANS' DINNER.

Sympathetic Message from the Prince of Wales.

At the Indian Civilians' Dinner in London, last night, a letter was read from the Prince of Wales in which His Royal Highness said how deeply he was impressed by the work of their brethren in India.

NEW ZEALAND LINER AFIRE.

Feared Total Loss.

The New Zealand liner, Gothic, has arrived at Plymouth on fire and had to be beached. It is feared she will become a total loss.

THE MAILS.

The Bombay Mails of the 26th ultimo, arrived at Brindisi on the 6th inst.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

THE SITUATION IN NATAL.

A Feeling of Disquietude.

IMPERIAL TROOPS INDISPENSABLE.

LONDON, JUNE 8.

The idea is gaining ground in Natal that the employment of Imperial troops will be necessary owing to the wider ramifications of the rebellion.

Great disquietude exists among the Whites in Zululand.

Colonel Mackenzie's prolonged drives through the bush are greatly exhausting his men.

THE JAPANESE LEAVE PORTSMOUTH.

A Cordial Farewell.

The Japanese battleships Katori and Kashima have left Portsmouth for Japan after exchanging salutes with our fleet.

A GALLANT ACTION OF A SYCE.

Appreciation from America.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 8.

On 30th August 1904, at Khandwa, in Bombay Presidency, a woman, named Rukhma, wife of Unkar, a dhobi, (washerman), aged 18 years, accidentally fell into a well, 61 feet deep, to the surface of the water which was 12 feet in depth. Before proper assistance could be rendered one Wali Mohammed,son of Moula,Khan, aged 20 years,a syce in employ of Mr. H. F. Mayes collected a number of pieces and odds and ends of rope tied them together and had himself let down on this flimsy support into the water. The woman was conscious and he supported her for half an hour in water when a cot was obtained and he down and he lifted her on to it and landed her on. He then waited supporting himself by one thin rope till the woman was hauled out, and the ropes used for her could be let down again. He was eventually with great difficulty and no small risk to himself rescued from his perilous position.

In recognition of his brave deed he was awarded in February 1905 a bronze medal and certificate by the Royal Humane Society, and an American gentleman, Mr. George Brereton, who was apparently present on the occasion, has written to H. E. the Viceroy to say that the gallant action has met with much admiration in America and expressing a hope that this appreciation by America of the syce's gallantry may be expressed in some way so that it may let him know and lead others follow his example.

"GAZETTE OF INDIA" NOTIFICATIONS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 8.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

The services of Captain A. G. Sargent, I. M. S. and W. H. Cazely, I.M.S., are lent to the Government of Bombay.

The services of Captain A. W. H. Lee, 10th Gurkha Rifles, Captain A.B. Battey, 6th Cavalry and Lieutenant Newcombe, 3rd Gurkha Rifles, are lent to the Government of Burma for employment on plague duty.

A telegram from Constantinople announces eight cases of plague at Jeddah and five days quarantine on arriving from there with disinfection and rat destruction, also 24 hours observation against Alexandria and Bushire. The outbreak has been suppressed but the medical visit, disinfection and rat destruction is retained.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Woodroffe, Judge, Fort William, is granted one month's privilege leave from the 31st of July.

The Rev. A. S. Dyer, is granted two years' leave (Army Department) Lieut-Colonel A. B. P. Turner, R. G. A. officiates as Colonel on the staff of the Royal Artillery, Western Command, vice General Bowles.

Lieutenant-Colonel Bingley, Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, Army Department is granted 4 1-2 months' leave.

The following promotions in the Indian Army are made : Lieutenant-Colonel G. A. Williams, Controller of Military Accounts to be Colonel.

Major A.R. Denne, 17th Infantry,to be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Volunteers :—Simla Rifles, Second Lieutenant Donald Macfarlane to be Lieutenant ; East Indian Rifles, Mr. G. R. Birch resigns his Commission.

Masonic Rifles Mr. R. E. Millett to be Second Lieutenant, Mr. Theodore Pereira to be Lieutenant and Lieutenant D. K. Edgar, R. E. to be Lieutenant. B. B. and C. I. Rifles, Colonel Oliver resigns his Commission.

Nilgiri Rifles Second Lieutenant Bayley resigns has Commission.

Sind Rifles, Major Grayfoot, I.M.S., to be medical officer.

Coorg and Mysore Rifles, Mr, P. G. Tipping to be Second Lieutenant.

Malabar Rifles Mr. B. C. Falle to be Second Lieutenant.

Poona Rifles ; Captain I. N. Fraser resigns his Commission . Mr, A, Wilson to be Second Lieutenant.

THE S. S. KAZAN.

Breaks in Two Owing to Rough Seas.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

COLOMBO, JUNE 8.

The rough weather of the past few days has caused the Russian steamer Kazan, which recently ran on a rock near Colombo, to break in two. Only a small portion of the vessel is now visible above water. Salvage operations have been stopped, and it is doubtful weather they will be resumed as no more cargo can be got at without blasting.

DACOITY IN THE UNITED PROVINCES.

Sentences of Transportation for Life.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

AGRA, JUNE 8.

In the famous Jugneer Dacoity Case, eight notorious dacoits have been sentenced by the Sessions Judge of Agra to transportation for life.

BOMBAY MOTOR UNION.

Resignation of the Secretary.

It is with regret that we announce that Mr. J. D. Davar, who, as Honorary Secretary of the Motor Union of Western India, has worked so hard to further the cause of automobilism in Western India and who planned the Bombay Mahableshwar Trials last January, has been ordered to England under medical advice. He will be away for six months and will be much missed. He gives up the Honorary Secretaryship of the Union as a consequence. He was instrumental in getting Sir Lawrence Jenkins to become President of the Union and in keeping his Committee together. It was due also to his exertions that the question of the speed limit for Bombay has been deferred.

FOOTBALL.

THE HARWOOD LEAGUE.

Two interesting matches were played last evening one being between the Rovers and the City Club on the Cooperage and the other between the Parel Gymkhana and the R. G. A. on the Oval. The Rovers scored two goals before the call of time, though the City Club made a good defence. The match on the Oval was practically a walk over for the R. G.A. who were decidedly a far superior Team. The custodian of the Parel Gymkhana had plenty of work and succeeded in saving several dangerous shots. The forwards of the Parel Gymkhana played an exceedingly weak game and were overweighted. The score at time was R. G. A. three goals, Parel Gymkhana nil.

Clubs.	P.	W.	L.	D.	For Goals.	Agst. Goals.	Pts
Royal Scots	1	1	0	0	3	0	2
Y M C A	1	1	0	0	2	0	2
City	2	1	1	0	1	0	2
Telegraph	1	0	1	0	0	1	0
Rovers	1	0	0	1	0	0	1
Royal Artillery	1	0	1	0	0	3	0
Bombay Gymkhana	1	0	1	0	0	2	0
Parel Gymkhana	1	0	1	0	0	3	0

THE SIMLA HORSE SHOW.

Splendid Entries.

LORD MINTO WINS HIS OWN PRIZE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 8.

The Entries in the Simla Horse Show, which are exceedingly numerous, are under ten classes with two Jumping competitions. In Class two for English Australian and Cape ponies of 14·2 and under, there are no less than 32 Entrants, and in Class three, for Hacks of 14·2 and under, the number is 35.

LATER.

The annual Simla Horse Show was held at Annandale this afternoon. The arrangements were under the charge of Major Peacocke A. V. D., Honorary Secretary. and a most successful meeting was held. The show commenced at noon and at 2 p.m. there was an adjournment for lunch, the judging recommencing at a quarter to 3. The Officers, Royal Artillerys, Jutongh were "At Home" on the ground and the bond of the Shropshires was in attendance.

Practically the whole of Simla was down at Annandale, including the Viceregal party who evinced the greatest interest in the proceeding. At the conclusion H. E. Lady Minto distributed the very handsome prizes which had been bought from Messrs. Hamilton's establishment. His Excellency the Viceroy was much cheered as his prize in Class 7 was presented to him.

The following is the prize list :—

Country bred ponies 14-2 and under :—1. Count Quadts' Mah Quet. 2, Mrs. Walker's Labby Annie.

English, Australian and Cape ponies :—1. Major Peacocke's Bean Brammel. 2. Sir Stuart Beatson's Ellora. 3. Mr. Hewett's Lady Eileen, 36 entries.

Bona Fide hacks 14-2 and under :—1. Major R. Crawley's Jack. 2. Mr. Lionel Jacob's Burlesque. 3. Major General Clement's China. 38 entries.

Horses over 14-2 :—1. Mrs. Buck's Motto 2. Sir Stuart Beatson's Anthracite.

Polo ponies, English, Australian and Cape :—1. Major Hobson's Emerald. 2. Major E. Crawley's Freda. 28 entries.

Ladies' Bona Fide Hacks :—1, Mrs. Buck's Motto, ridden by owner. 2. Miss Triscott's Stella ridden by owner.

Arab ponies 14-2 and under :—1. The Viceroy's New Minister, 2, Major Peacocke's Faras, 3 Major Hobson's Surprise. 23 entries.

Ladies' Hacks 14-2 and under :—1. Major Adam's Grey Friar ridden by Lady Violet Elliot, 2. Mrs. Peacocke's Assurance ridden by owner. 4 entries.

Polo Ponies. Arabs and country breds :—1 Major Hobson's Surprise. 2. Major V. Brooke's Sheen.

Children's ponies :—1. Miss Beryl Wynne's Kelston. 2 Miss Doreen Walker's Chikabiddy.

Horse jumping competition, 10 entries:—1 Major Brooke's Gaiety Girl ridden by owner. 2. Mrs. Charles Allen's Gaiety Girl ridden by Mrs. Allen.

Pony jumping, 39 entries :—1 Major General Clement's Gamecock ridden by owner. 2, Captain Leighton's Double Keys ridden by owner, 3, Major Walker's Dr, Syntax ridden by native.

STATE BALL AT SIMLA.

A Brilliant Function.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 8.

The State Ball held last night was a very brilliant function. Between six and seven hundred guests were invited and the crowd was considerable. At the commencement of the dance the Viceregal Procession entered the ball-room at a quarter to ten and dancing was kept up till a quarter past one.

BENGAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL ELECTION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 8.

The Anglo-Indian Association replying to the Bengal Government on the question of elections to the local Legislative Council says that the Council respectfully suggests that the rules regulating elections ought to be expanded rather than contracted.

COUNCIL ELECTIONS IN EAST BENGAL.

A Bengali Declines to be Nominated.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 8.

The name of Babu Anandrachandra Roy having been sent up by two Mahomedan Municipal Commissioners, Dacca, for Assam Council election without his knowledge, he has declined to act and requested the Secretary of the Legislative Council not to publish his name.

DR. NIELD COOK GOES HOME

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 8.

Dr. Nield Cook handed over charge of the duties of Health Officer to the Calcutta Corporation to Dr. Frederick Pearse of the Plague Department yesterday and left in the afternoon by the Bengal Nagpur Mail train to catch the mail steamer at Bombay. Dr. Pearse will carry on the duties of Health Officer in addition to his duties as Head of the Plague Department.

DROWNED WHILST PLAYING.

Fatality at a Football Match.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 8.

Shortly after six o'clock last evening a Eurasian youth named Alfred Pemantle employed as clerk in the Government Telegraph Department was drowned in the Dalhousie Square Tank. He was playing football with a number of young men when the ball was kicked into the tank. Deceased entered the tank to secure the ball, but unexpectedly going beyond his depth was drowned notwithstanding the efforts of a lad named Elias Levi to save him.

ARREST IN A HIGH COURT.

Proceedings Taken by a Bank.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 8.

Mr. Timol was arrested at the High Court yesterday evening at the instance of the Delhi and London Bank in respect of a claim of Rs. 15,000 and was taken to Mr. Justice Sale in his Chambers as the arrest was made in the Court corridors while he was leaving the Court premises where he was in attendance in connection with a case in which he is defendant. Mr. Agarwalla contended that the arrest was not legal. Mr. Longmuir who represented the judgment creditor supported the action of Mr. Moore, the Sheriffs Officer. Both parties consenting, the arrest was treated as if had not been made and the warrant allowed to remain in force.

SIVAJI CELEBRATION AT CALCUTTA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 8.

A public reception was given last evening to Messrs. Tilak, Khoparde and Dr. Munji who came to Calcutta, to take part in the Sivaji Celebration. The reception took place on the Maidan opposite the Sangit Samajin, Corunwallis street. Mr. Surendra Nath Banerji presided, the gathering numbering between five and six thousand persons.

COCAINE IMPORTATION INTO INDIA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JUNE 8.

The G. I. P. Railway police made a pretty heavy seizure of cocaine on the 25th of November last, cocaine is alleged to be illegally imported into India. From information the Railway Police received, they seized 1,000 bottles valued at Rs 3,000 at Dhond on the above mentioned date. The alleged owner of the smuggled cocaine, one Bhukmodnut Fakrodin,had then gone to Rangoon,and subsequently made his way back to India. He was arrested recently at Allahabad and charged with illegal importation of the cocaine in question under section 12 of the Abkari Act V of 1875.

The case came on to-day before Mr. Simcox,I.C.S., District Magistrate and Collector. Mr. Pett, Inspector, G. I. P. Railway Police, made a short statement of the case. The accused made a somewhat singular defence that he was endeavouring to assist Governments in the seizure of smuggled goods. The case stands adjourned till 14th instant.

ENGLISH POLITICAL AND SOCIAL LETTER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, MAY 25.

THE FIGHT OVER EDUCATION.

As was to be expected the consideration of the Education Bill is developing certain differences amongst Liberals, but at present these do not appear to be serious ; at any rate there is no cave. Mr. Masterman, the scholarly young gentleman, chosen by,perhaps the most unscholarly constituency in the country—North-West Ham—to be its representative is persistent in demanding the exclusion of any official religious teaching from our schools though his Churchmanship is as unimpeachable as his Liberalism. He, however, does not appear to have any following and much as his charming personality is liked, he is not quite the kind of man who forms caves. He delivered a singularly able speech the other night on an amendment put forward by Mr. Maddison, one of the group of Labour Members who do not owe allegiance to Mr. Keir Hardie, but I have not heard of his having made any converts. Mr. Maddison's amendment proposes to prohibit all religious instruction, denominational or undenominational, dogmatic or undogmatic (if any religious instruction can be undogmatic) during school hours or at the public expense, and perhaps that will have to be the solution some day. Mr. Chamberlain has rather adroitly put forward a sub-amendment to expunge from the Maddison proposal the words "during school hours" and this is what the Committee is now discussing. and Chamberlain says that there are only two ways of overcoming the religious difficulty, one is that the State should pay for all religions alike, the other is that it should pay for none. According to his idea the Government have adopted a middle course and propose to pay for what has, with perhaps not terminological exactitude but with sufficient precision, been styled the Nonconformist religion. He regards the first as impracticable and the second as the thing to be aimed at, but he disagrees with Mr. Maddison in wishing to prevent religious instructions being given by other agencies than the State during school hours. Liberals point out that the real effect of Mr. Chamberlain's sub-amendment, if adopted, would be to continue the present state of things in all the transferred schools, even in the single-school districts, while disestablishing the simple Bible teaching in the existing "provided" schools,and substituting for it various kinds of dogmatic teaching in these schools also. Every teacher "would be permitted to give religious instruction according as he may arrange within the denominations within the school curriculum." Of course, this would be at the expense of the denominations, but the amount would be trifling when compared with the present outlay on fabric and of which thisBill relieves them. Mr. Birrell, though he has been and is being abused up hill and down dale by the Bishop and the clergy, is understood to be less inimical to their interests than other members of the Cabinet. If it depended solely upon himthis particular minority, it is believed would not be made to suffer so much. At any rate, as might be expected from a man with his training, he never indulges in unmeasured abuse of those who abuse him in unmeasured language, and strange as it may seem to those who have watched the career of his somewhat pushful subordinate, Mr. Lough, the latter is trying to show that he is as free from bigoted opposition to ecclesiastics as his chief. Indeed, the Parliamentary Secretary of the Board of Education actually the other night reproved a member of the Cabinet, Mr. Lloyd George, for his wickedness in quoting with approval Gambetta's famous saying "Le clericalisme, voila l'ennemi"—a thing he would not have dared to do if Mr. Gladstone were Prime Minister. C. B. is perhaps too easy going, which Mr. Gladstone certainly was not.

THE LIBERALS AND THE LORDS.

The National Liberal Federation—the Caucus as it used to be contemptuously called in the day when Mr. Chamberlain was its idol and master—has been sitting at Liverpool this week. The gathering may prove to be historic as marking the first advance in a general attack on the House of Lords. When the Conservatives are in power, we hear very little of the iniquities of the hereditary Chamber and the need for its abolition was certainly not a prominent cry at the General Election. But it is obvious from what has transpired at Liverpool that we are in for a great agitation against the peers unless they consent to accept the measures of the new Government. The Keir Hardie party are indignant at the rejection of the Bill to prohibit employers from importing alien blacklegs on occasions of labour disputes, but the Liberal party generally has not been greatly perturbed by the action of the Lords and some possibly secretly approve of it. You can never agree with your party on everything as a well-known politician observed to-day 'a propos' of the deputation of women suffragists to the Prime Minister. "I am," he added, "altogether opposed to extending the Parliamentary franchise to women, but I do not publicly say so." In commencing or threatening to commence an agitation against the House of Lords, the Liberals are looking a little ahead and thinking not so much of the Aliens Bill as of the Education Bill and a few other legislative projects not yet on the stocks. Mr. Arthur Acland, who has succeeded Mr. Birrell as President of the Federation, made an attack on the House of Lords—one of the points of his inaugural speech and it was the "piece de resistance"of the pronouncement of Mr. Lloyd-George who was sent to Liverpool in place of the Prime Minister, detained in town by the grave illness of Lady Campbell-Bannerman. "He was glad to see that the National Liberal Federation was beginning to realize that part of the work they had to do had reference to the House of Lords. It was time to think about it again. It had recently given a reminder of the ominous way in which the House of Lords to override the will of the people." (This was received,we are told by Loud and prolonged cheers.) Mr.Lloyd-George went on to say that he had "always felt that the House of Lords was a great standing menace to progress, and he had never felt it so much as since he had taken his share as a responsible Minister. It was like a skeleton at the Cabinet table. It would not reject great measures, it would hardly dare to, but there were others which large sections of the community demanded in their own interest, apart from the rest of the people—these the Lords could reject with impunity ; still worse, they could disfigure and mutilate them. That was where the mischief of this House came in. The House of Lords represented the idleness of the country. There was not a workman there. Why should not his friend Mr. Vivian be Lord Birkenhead ?Why should not he (Mr. Lloyd-George) be Lord Carnarvon ? Partly by the accident of birth the peers sat in judgment as a court of appeal upon the representatives of millions of people. It was an intolerable piece of arrogance. No Liberal Government could possibly sit under it if the Lords continued to put forward their claims to decide the fate of this or that Bill."

INDIA AND THE COLONIAL CONFERENCE.

The cheers which greeted the announcement made by the Prime Minister the other night that the Government are in favour of the representation of India at the Colonial Conference to be held in London next year will be echoed in India though not, I fear, in the Colonies, at any rate to the same extent. When Imperial Federation was being so energetically advocated 20 years ago if you asked a Colonial where India came in, he would reply if he were candid that it did not come in at all, and could not in the circumstances of the case possibly be included in a scheme of Imperial Federation I remember once being in the Eighties at a discussion initiated, at a well-known institution by a prominent member of the defunct Imperial Federation League and when he sat down, I ventured to ask him why he had said nothing about India although he had quietly included the figures of our trade with that country to swell the total for the whole Empire. He coolly replied that the position of India was surrounded with difficulties and that he feared she must for the purposes under consideration be regarded as a country apart. "Then, why on earth" did you not omit the Indian figures when you quoted those impressive statistics of our Imperial trade as an argument in favour of Federation ?" Of course he was puzzled how to answer this. Pretty much the same thing has been observed throughout the fiscal agitation. If Tariff Reformers say as little as possible about India it is in the case of at least some of them owing to the idea they entertain that it is a country apart. It has been left to a Government of so-called Little Englanders to recognise India's claims to take part in a Conference concerning the Empire as a whole and I think they should receive credit for this in India, where I suppose they have not too many friends. Mr. Rees has given notice of the following question for next Tuesday.—"To ask the First Lord of the Treasury whether the representation of India at the Conference in 1907 will extend to the different provinces of the Empire in view of their widely differing character as regards populations, wealth, trade, revenue and other circumstances ?" Whatever may be the answer to this question it will not in future be accurate to describe the Conference as "the Conference of Colonial Premiers."

THE BRITISH WORKMAN AND THE INDIAN LASCAR.

Why do not Sir Henry Cotton and his friends instead of crying for the moon endeavour to induce the Parliamentary representatives of the British working classes to abandon their selfish hostility to the Indian lascar ? The other day when the Shipping Acts Amendment Bill was under consideration by the Standing Committee on Trade, Mr. Havelock Wilson who for all I know may be a member of the Indian Parliamentary Committee, made a strong effort to get the lascars included in the clause prohibiting the engagement in this country of seamen with an "insufficient knowledge of English. He protested against these men, as he contemptuously described the poor lascars, being brought here to compete with British labour as if they were aliens and not as good subjects of the King as Mr. Havelock Wilson himself. To Mr. Lloyd George's credit it must be said that he stood firm against this narrowminded proposal, but Mr. Havelock would not give way and a vote was beaten by 23 to 13. I see that one of the members who voted on the minority was Mr. Cathcart Wason who on the occasion of the last Indian Budget discussion in the House of Commons came forward as a champion of the down trodden people of India and the usual amendment. The other supporters of Mr. Havelock Wilson were Mr. Gill (Labourite) Mr. Higham (Liberal) Mr. John Johnson (Labourite) Sir Gilbert Parker (Conservative and Imperialist) Mr. Thomas Richards (Labourite), Mr. Shackleton (second in command of the Labour party). Mr. Theodore Taylor (Liberal and Lancashire manufacturer) Mr. Wilkie (Labourite), Mr. Charles Wilson (Liberal and shipowner) and Mr. John Wilson (Liberal and Labourite). Mr. Havelock Wilson found the President of the Board of Trade more amenable on another point. He submitted an amendment to the effect that where lascars are engaged, at least one in every five shall have a sufficient knowledge of the English language to understand the necessary orders that might be given to them in the course of their duties. He found an ardent supporter in the fides Achates of Mr. Chamberlain, Sir Gilbert Parker to wit, but at the latter's suggestion agreed to substitute seven for five in the amendment. Mr. Lloyd George, while expressing himself favourable to the amendment as altered, pointed out that nothing could be done until the Indian Law was brought into conformity with the British Law on the subject. He promised to ascertain from the India Office whether provision could be made in the Indian Acts in the sense of the spirit of the amendment and upon this understanding Mr. Havelock Wilson agreed to stay his hand. I dare say that if Mr. Lloyd George were not a member of the Government he would be a member of the precious Indian Parliamentary Committee and yet he seems to think that it is in the power of the India Office to have Indian Laws altered according to its wishes. I do not think that the Duke of Argyll quite went so far as this in his famous despatch as to the right of the Secretary of State in Council regarding legislation in India and it is to be hoped that Mr. Lloyd George's request to have the law in India altered to suit the anti-Indian views of Mr. Havelock Wilson and Sir Gilbert Parker will meet with the answer it deserves. If, as I hardly think is likely, Mr. Morley listens to this somewhat impudent demand it is to be hoped that the Government of India will refuse to be dictated to in this matter. It was I think proved before the Jeune Committee that the lascar, though he is not commonly a graduate of an Indian University, knows quite enough English to understand his officers or which is the same thing the latter have at their command sufficient Hindustani to make themselves understood by native crews.

INDIA AT THE ELIZABETHAN FETE.

The Elizabethan Fete and Bazaar, opened at Lincoln's Inn on Wednesday last, and closed to-night, has been a great success as a social function and a pageant and I trust it has also been a great financial success, for it has been held in aid of the King's College Hospital, which is to be removed to Denmark Hill. But I am concerned only with the Indian stalls at the Bazaar. This part of the Hall at Lincoln's Inn was placed under the direction of Lady George Hamilton, who with the assistance of Sir Charles Olivant and Mr. Jehanghier Dossabhoy Framjee, organised the collection of Art objects from India, which filled nearly a quarter of the magnificent Hall, and was an immense attraction to the sight-seers. Separate Stalls were in charge of Lady Cowasjee Jehanghier, Lady Playfair, Lady Ollivant, Lady Franklin, and Mrs. Dorab Tata, and from all appearances they each did excellent buisness in Nassik Brasses, Bombay inlaid work, Surat and Ahmedabad carving, Sawantwarree toys, Poona figures, and copper and brass utensils, and images of the Gods and Scind embroideries. Bombay is always in the front in these things and it was very natural in this instance, as Bombay was so strongly represented on the Committee. Sir Charles Ollivant is an excellent organiser, and with Lady George Hamilton at the head of the Committee and Mr. F. D. Framjee, the Honorary Secretary, everything from first last in the Indian Section of the Bazaar has worked smoothly and efficiently and all will hope with the best substantial results.

OLLA PODRIDA.

I called attention some time ago to a new form that has come into fashion of announcing certain interesting "domestic occurrences." Instead of the old fashioned phraseology : "the wife of so and so of a son" or daughter as the case may be, the up to-date notice reads, to Mr. and Mrs. so and so a son or daughter. In a recent issue of the "Times" there was a novel variation :

"——On the 18th May at —— to Lady——a son and daughter."

Here it will be seen the husband is not mentioned at all. We are, of course, all prepared to admit the inferiority in these days of the coarser sex, but to ignore the mere male altogether is carrying things a trifle too far.

FAMINE CONDITIONS.

Effect of the Recent Rainfall

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 8.

Crop reports for the week ending 7June 2ad show that the recent rainfall has done good in Burma and East Bengal and Assam. Elsewhere the agricultural situation is unchanged and prospects are generally good to fair, except in the scarcity area. There has been a considerable increase in the numbers in receipt of famine relief in British Provinces, the numbers being 154,900 in the United Provinces, 12,000 in Punjab, 34,478 in Ajmer-Marwar and 81,694 in Bombay. On the other hand the numbers have decreased largely in Central India States and slightly in Bombay States. The total numbers in receipt relief are 458,996 for the whole country.

Cholera has abated in Jalaun, but continues in Himarpur and Jhansi districts of the United Provinces. Emigrant cattle are returning in Rajputana in considerable numbers and in Central India and the Central Provinces people are returning to their homes in view of the approaching rains.

FAMINE IN BOMBAY.

The following telegram from the Government of Bombay was sent to the Government of India on the 6th of June :—

Rain during week partial and slight in parts Ahmednagar, Sholapur, Bijapur and Dharwar and very slight in parts Ahmedabad, Ratnagiri, Kanara, Satara, Belgaum and Kolhapur. Standing crops generally in good condition except for slight damage by rats in parts Karachi and by locusts in parts Karachi,Larkana and Thar and Parkar. Irrigation canals, tanks and wells drying up. Lands being prepared for kharif cultivation. Sowing continues in parts Karachi, Larkana, Kolaba, Ahmednagar and Bijapur and retarded in parts Kanara, Belgaum and Dharwar. Drinking water-supply improved by recent rain in parts Bijapur, but continues scarce elsewhere and measures for its improvement with aid of Government grants and takavi advances continue. Condition of agricultural stock deteriorating and takavi being granted to make good its deficiency. Demand for Government grass growing keen, and it finds ready sale. Prices of local fodder two to three times above normal. Stocks of food-grains with merchants sufficient and trade active. Quantity of grain purchaseable per rupee in Deccan 28 to 55 per cent., in Karnatak 35 to 50 per cent., in Gujarat 20 to 35 per cent., in Konkan 15 to 30 per cent. and in Sind 10 to 25 per cent. less than normal. Numbers on test works on last day of week ending 26th ultimo—Dharwar 162, Phaltan 122, Miraj (Junior) 100, Kathiawar 624 ; total 1,008. Distress gradually increasing though not acute. Agricultural labourers in fair to good condition and get considerable employment in fields and on Local Board and Government irrigation and private works organised by help of takavi grants. Condition of relief workers generally good and relief measures adequate. Numbers on relief rising. Emigrants continue to return. No aimless wandering or emaciation. Public health is generally good. Cholera still prevalent in places in Deccan, Karnatak and Kolhapur. Numbers on relief—British Districts—Deccan : works 23,948, gratuitous 35,933 ; total 59,914. Karnatak : works 15,152, gratuitous 16,466 ; total 31,618. Native States : works 4,476, gratuitous 1,935 ; total 6,411.

MURDER OF A FELLOW TRAVELLER.

On the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon. Sir Lawrence Jenkins, Chief Justice, and the Hon. Mr. Justice Russell, disposed of the appeal made by one Kedari Daji Surawashi, who at Patan last was sentenced by Mr. P. E. Percival, Additional Sessions Judge of Satara, to transportation for life for murder and to one year's rigorous imprisonment for robbery. The case for the prosecution was that one Ganoo was returning in a cart to Patan from Chiplun where he had gone to sell ground-nuts. The accused travelled in the same cart. Six days later Ganoo's dead body was found in a hollow by the side of the river at Halwak and on his clothes being examined the sale proceeds of the ground-nuts were missed. As the accused had been last seen with him he was arrested on suspicion and confessed his crime before the committing Magistrate. At the Sessions Court however, he retracted his confession. He was convicted by Mr. Percival on the evidence and sentenced as above. Their Lordships dismissed the appeal.

THE SPANISH WEDDING.

DEPARTURE OF H. R. H. PRINCESS ENA.

THE KING'S FAREWELL.

It was a warm, grey morning, with fleecy clouds running athwart an overcast sky. There was little wind, but such as there was came straight from Spain. The warmth of Wednesday had encouraged the new foliage on the brown-purple branches in the parks,and a heavier sprinking of yellowland crimson heads among the long grasses. Altogether it was such a day as we have had but seldom during this tempestuous and raw spring, and it is pleasant to think that the last memory of London that the bride will cherish will be less unpleasant than the persistent damp and chill of the last month had compelled us to expect. Something of the changed weather reflected itself also in the crowds which assembled along the last stages of the Royal route from Kensington Palace to Victoria Station. But there must always be on these occasions a tinge of melancholy. Whatever the future may hold for the Queen-Consort of Spain—and there is no one who does not hope that her life may be both long and happy—still the dominant feeling must needs be that in Princess Ena we English have lost one of the brightest and most attractive of our princesses, generous of thought, unaffected, and kind-hearted. To the general public she is even now hardly known except by reputation and by name, but the sense of loss was not the less keen. Young as she is, the story of her courtship and engagement was heartily welcomed by those who had come to look upon her as yet another of Queen Victoria's descendant who have gubarticipin full measure the personal charm and the sense of duty which were the greatest characteristics of the late Queen.

The departure of Princess Ena was arranged for 9.40 in the morning, and shortly before that time the platforms of Victoria Station were filled with specially-invited guests. The occasion was technically private, so that no attempt was made to decorate the terminus. Only the crimson carpet and the many bouquets,tied with the Spanish colours, scarlet and gold,added a pleasant note to the sombre colouring of the scene. A few Court officials, and the personal friends of the Princess, awaited her arrival at the door of the saloon carriage. They had not long to wait; almost to the minute the King appeared upon the platform with his niece upon his arm. After them followed almost the entire Royal family the Duchess of Connaught and Princess Patricia being noticeable in their deep mourning. There was no delay; the last farewells were exchanged, the last bouquets handed into the carriage, and the train was despatched. The final moments were somewhat affecting, and Princess Ena who looked very handsome in her simlee dress of her periwinkle blue betrayed no small emotion when the actual moment of separation had arrived. On the platform by the side of the train was a numerous and representative party of the Spanish residents in London. As the train steamed away one of them called for cheers for the new Queen of Spain and for the King. These were responded to most heartily by the Spaniards present, but the English crowd preserved a respectful silence, which was the deepest tribute that could at the moment be paid to the Royal family thus bereft of one of their number. In general, the festivities of a wedding are conceived with a view of lessening the sense of loss that is inseparable from the occasion, there was nothing to mitigate the bare fact that Spain has won, the people in England in general, and the Princess nearest relatives in prticular, have lost, and it is possible that no tribute to her charms that the new Queen will ever receive will be more genuine and heartfelt than the sympathy which was shown to those from whose daily life she has been taken.

Princess Henry and Princes Leopold and Maurice of Battenberg accompany the bridegroom to Madrid, and in attendance in the Royal party are Lord William Cecil, Colonel Colbourne, Miss Bulteel, Miss Cochrane, and Mr. Gascoe, the tutor of the two young princes. The journey is a long and tedious one. Except for the Channel crossing, and for the change at Irun, on the Spanish frontier, into the Spanish Royal train, in which King Alfonso will be waiting, there will be little to break the monotony.

In reply to a message of farewell from the citizens of London, Princess Ena sent the following telegram from Dover:

To the Lord mayor of London.

Before leaving England I wish to express my heartfelt thanks for your most kind telegram, conveying the message of good wishes and affection of the citizens of London and I deeply appreciate your reference to my new country. I shall ever preserve in my heart love and affection for the country of my birth. I will tell King Alfonso of your good wishes to him, and to me, and to Spain.—Victoria Eugenie.

RECEPTION AT DOVER.

The Admiralty Pier at Dover was thronged from end to end with some thousands of spectators to witness Princess Ena's departure, among them being many ladies, who had come in from different parts of the country. The Royal train arrived at 11-30. As soon as the young Princess stepped from the train with her mother, she was greeted with a loud outburst of cheering. The King of Spain's representative, the Marquis Villalobar, was in wai

THE PARSI WOMAN IN PERSIA.

According to Major Sykes, who lectured in London the other day on the Parsis in Persia, the Parsi woman's dress as worn in Persia at the present day has probably remained unchanged for centuries, although history it has been composed chiefly of Manchester goods instead of the old hand-woven cotton or silks. The costume consists of a loose shirt reaching to the knees, which is prepared from parti-coloured strips of different coloured materials joined together very much in the way that Joseph's coat must have been made. This shirt falls over a pair of voluminous trousers gathered in tight to the ankles which latter garments are composed of the same material as the shirt but even smaller pieces of stuff are employed and they are generally embroidered together like our patchwork quilts. The head dress consists of no less than eight coloured handkerchiefs and shawls. Firstly a black cotton or silk skull-cap, absolutely concealing the hair is adjusted over which five handkerchiefs are tightly knotted round the head surmounted by a large square of cotton or in winter woolen material which is draped in manner peculiar to the Parsis. One point of the square, hangs nearly to the ground behind, while in front the rest of the shawl forms a bib concealing the upper part of the shirt and sleeves. Finally, for out-door wear yet another shawl is worn, but this less is only folded across and thrown on loosely. A small bead or charm is often sewn on under the bib which is supposed to ward off the evil eye. Unmarried girls are restricted to two less head coverings than their elders.

No Parsi woman from earliest childhood would ever appear with her head uncovered, and the years have to be equally screened from observation. Probably, as a result of the above custom, their hair is particulary scanty and poor, and from the same cause probably arises the fact that Parsi woman complain chiefly of cold in the head. On the other hand, they never suffer from cold feet and their custom of only wearing socks during the coldest part of the winter bears out this supposition. They possess many old customs to which they cling tenaciously, one of which is to sacrifice an animal or bird before occupying a new house. This ceremony we found one day being performed by our Parsi maids before we took possession of the new consulate at Kerman. A fowl had been the sacrifice, and it was being eaten amid the light of many candle ends which had been carefully collected for weeks in anticipation of the event. When questioned they explained that the sacrifice of a fowl and the illumination were to drive out any evil spirit which might have kept up its abode in the untenanted rooms. As mentioned above every Parsi evacuates fire, and our servants is ashamed whenever they have a match, and always preferred a log of wood to burn out whether required or not. When a candle had to be put out they pinched it in preference to blowing it as that would have been considered disrespectful. Their ideas of administering punishment may be judged by the fact that one day a terrible noise was heard which, upon inquiry, was found to emanate from a cat which had been tied up, and was receiving the bastinado on its feet for stealing their food. They are a very thrifty people especially compared to Mohammedan Persian who are prodigh in always.

MOTOR DRIVER FINED.

STRONG POLICE CASE.

Yesterday afternoon at the Esplanade Police Court, Mr. N. W. Kemp, Chief Presidency Magistrate delivered Judgment in the case in which Inspector Bodley charged Shaik Abdul Kader with driving a Motor car at a speed dangerous to the public and with driving without a license. Mr. Indrajit Kalabhai Lallubhai barrister-at-law defended the accused. The facts of the case have already appeared in a previous issue. The accused is alleged to have driven the Motor car at a speed of twenty miles an hour on the evening of 23th April last and on his being stopped was unable to produce his license. The counsel for the accused contended that the prosecution did not prove that the traffic on the Road was heavy on the evening in question and that the whole case of the prosecution rested on the evidence of only one witness, namely Inspector Bodley who was at the same time also the prosecutor.

In giving decision the Magistrate said that Inspector Bodley—an expert from the evidence—had put his case very well indeed and left no single loophole for the accused to escape by. He proved the distance from where he and Superintendent Nolan stood when they just saw the car and the place where they saw the car stop. That was 620 paces, or as Mr. Bodley put it, about 560 yards. He said the car came up in a flash, and though he put on both arms to stop it and the accused put on the brake before he reached Mr. Bodley, still the Car did not stop till it had gone twenty five yards further on. This showed the speed. It was very likely twenty miles as Mr. Bodley said. Moreover, every one knew the traffic was heavy on Queen's Road at 6-30 p. m. and Mr. Bodley said that both the vehicular and pedestrian traffic was heavy. The accused also passed three arms roads at his pace. His Worship believed Mr. Bodley and convicted the accused for driving at a speed dangerous to the public. The accused pleaded guilty to the charge of not having a license and the Magistrate convicted him of that charge also. The accused was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 20 on each charge or in default to undergo seven days' simple imprisonment on each charge. He was also declared disqualified from obtaining a license for a period of three months. With regard to the last part of the order it was pointed out to the Magistrate that since the inst ituton of there proceeding, the accused had got his license renewed. The Magistrate said that his [illegible] regard the order and for the latter it. The present conviction might be quashed on the new license, but the disqualification clause would simply be ineffectual.

Superintendent Nolan said that he would bring the matter to the notice of the Commissioner of Police, who could withdraw the license for three months.

THE SERVICES AT HOME.

INDIA OFFICE.—May 22.

ARRIVALS REPORTED IN LONDON.

Lieut Col J R Adie I M S B — Mr C B Bayley B
Lieut Col W Coates I M S B — Mr H B Learoyd B
Major H B Melville I M S B — Mr F W K Yeoman B
Major G W F Meade I M S B — Mr R A W Phillips B
Mr V Connolly B Cov — Mr E J Shadbolt B
Mr C M King B Cov — Mr E H Bruce B
Mr J L Johnson B Cov — Mr J J Bevan B
Mr W H H Vincent B Cov — Mr J F Sparrow B
Mr C A H Townsend B Cov — Mr S M Minns B
Mr L F Minns B Cov — Mr R E Norris B
Mr S Byrne B Cov — Mr T W Browne B
Mr F H O'Brien B Cov — Mr L A Beasley B
Mr J Donald B Cov — Mr W W Richards B
Mr H Hancourt B Cov — Mr G R S MoCrea B
Mr H Dupernex B Cov — Mr H J Davies B
Mr L Stuart B Cov — Mr J S Bourne B
Mr R G Girard B — Lieut Col O H Channer I M S Bo
Mr M L Oakes B
Mr S H Cope B — Mr S Favel Bo
Mr J Ashtevens B

EXTENSIONS OF LEAVE.

Major E Wilkinson I M S B — Mr R F Godfrey-Faussett B
study leave from Oct 1 mo furl
30 1905 to April 1 1905 — Mr G W Martin M 6 mo M C
Capt S Anderson I M S B — Mr R S Paterson M 3 mo
study leave from Jan extraordinary leave on M C
15 1906 to April 10 1906

PERMITTED TO RETURN.

Mr L N Paul B Cov — Mr P M Burke B

From May, 23 to May, 25.

ARRIVALS REPORTED IN LONDON.

Lieut Gen Sir [illegible] Gaselee — Capt H F Bateman Champain
G C I E K C B C B A — 16 G R
Col K Davison 2 L Gr — Capt R J Brapley I M S
Col H Mockler I M S — Capt P H Crulick bank R A
Lieut-Col J J Pratt I M S — Capt J C Coldstream I A
Lieut Col G C Tennant S F C — Lieut R J H Haughton 78 M R
Lieut Col J B C Colvin I A — Lieut G D McCormick 72 Punj
Major B J H Hunting 20 D — Lieut H Dealing 35 Cav F F
Horse — Lieut C H Harcourt 24 Punj
Major H W Pilgrim I M S — Lieut K B Joynson 15 Lrs
Capt A Leventon I M S — Commander W Mitchell
Capt A J Close R E — R M

EXTENSIONS OF LEAVE.

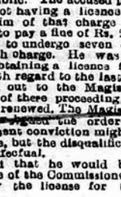
Brevet Col J W Tulloch I A — Lieut J W H Babington IMS
to Dec 31 1906 — 3 mo M C
Major W R Brown 78 R I 1 2 — Lieut G M Aysough 116 Mah
mo — 6 mo M C

PERMITTED TO RETURN.

Major E F Hood 7 R — Lieut W G Neale 114 Mah
Capt A F Stewart 116 Mah — Lieut W B P Tugwell 121 Pnr
Lieut M G D Rowlandson — Lieut E C Barnes 19 P
25 Dorset

Warm, Debilitating Weather

Many people, after a long spell of oppressive heat, suffer from lassitude, loss of spirits, and a general "run down" feeling.



They need a course of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, a medicine which has revived and restored to active life and health thousands of such sufferers. A lady who recently returned to England from South Africa writes concerning this "*wonderful medicine*":

"While in Cape Town the past summer I suffered greatly from the long-continued heat. I was completely worn out; my blood seemed to become as thin as water, and I lost all energy and interest in life. My friends recommended

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

and a course of this wonderful medicine restored my health and spirits. My husband suffered in the same way as I did, and he also was greatly benefited from the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla."

There are many imitation Sarsaparillas.

Be sure you get "AYER'S."

Prepared by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

INDIA IN PARLIAMENT.

(Concluded from page 4.)

EXCHANGE COMPENSATION ALLOWANCE TO THE SUPERIOR POLICE SERVICE.

On Thursday, May 21 Sir Seymour King asked the Secretary of State for India: Whether it is in contemplation discontinue the exchange compensation allowance to members of the Superior Police Service appointed in India in or after the year 1903, and, if so, on what ground the change is based.

Mr. Morley: The answer is in affirmative. Exchange compensation allowance was instituted with the view of meeting to some extent the fall in the gold value of salaries paid in rupees which has taken place since such salaries were fixed. In the case of police appointments a new and improved rate of pay has been introduced which is considered adequate, and it is no longer thought necessary to give compensation based upon a past standard of salaries which has now been abandoned.

POLITICAL MEETINGS IN PUBLIC PLACES IN INDIA.

Sir Henry Cotton asked the Secretary of State for India: Whether the two circulars issued by the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam on Nov. 8, 1905, have been countermanded or only partially withdrawn, and especially whether that portion of the second circular which relates to the prohibition of political or quasi-political meetings in public places has been withdrawn; and whether the circular of the Government of Bengal No. 1579 P-D, dated Oct. 10 1905, directed against schoolboys and authorising the enrolment as special constables of head masters and teachers of schools and those connected with their management, has been withdrawn.

Mr. Morley: The Lieutenant-Governor of Eastern Bengal and Assam has drawn all restrictions on public meetings and processions imposed by previous orders, the other circular of the Government of Bengal is of a completely different character. It was directed against acts of violence and breaches of the peace in connection with the boycotting of British goods, and the instructions were to have effect only in cases where mischief had actually occurred. One object of the circular was to induce the educational authorities to enforce discipline upon schoolboys and students, instead of living them to be dealt with by policemen and magistrates. So far as I know it has not been formally withdrawn.

Sir H. Cotton: Has it been enforced? Have the teachers and others concerned in the management of the schools been enrolled as special constables for the control of the school boys?

Mr. Morley: I believe there was some circular inviting them to be enrolled as special constables. As far as I understand it, they were not enrolled as special constables because they were heads of schools and colleges; but they were invited as the heads of these institutions to deal with their students rather than allow them to continue unruly—a course which must have brought these into conflict with the police.

Sir H. Cotton: Special constables are not invited to enrol, but are compelled to serve, under an order of the magistrate.

Mr. Morley: Special constables were enrolled in the event of disorders taking place and being persisted in. The magistrates where directed to enroll schoolmasters as special constables so that they might identify the boys and deal with them as schoolboys instead of as criminals. That was a very sensible provision. (Hear, hear.)

THE POLICE AND THE CONFERENCES AT BARISAL.

Mr. Charles Schwann asked the Secretary of State for India: Whether any action has been taken or is intended to be taken by the Government of India with regard to the alleged unprovoked assaults by the police on the delegates to the Bengal Provincial Conference at Barisal, and the dispersal of the conference by force during last Easter.

Mr. Morley: As these proceedings are, I believe, now before the courts of law, I can hardly say anything as to any administrative action in the matter. Meanwhile, as my hon. friend is aware, all the circulars and proclamations are now withdrawn.

SEPARATION OF JUDICIAL AND EXECUTIVE FUNCTIONS.

Sir Henry Cotton asked the Secretary of State for India: Whether having regard to the fact that a memorial signed by Lord Hobhouse, Sir Richard Garth, Sir Richard Couch, Sir Charles Sargent, Sir William Markby, Sir John Phear, Sir John Scott, Sir William Wedderburn, and others, praying for the separation of judicial and executive functions in India, was addressed to his predecessor, Lord George Hamilton, in July 1899, and that the opinions of all the local governments and administrations in India on the subject of that memorial were submitted to the Government of India before the close of the year 1901, and that the Government of India, notwithstanding repeated promises, have not yet submitted any report in regard to this memorial, he will now issue such instructions to the Government of India as shall ensure that no further delay is allowed to occur in dealing with this memorial.

Mr. Morley: I understand that, until a very recent date, the Government of India did not regard the time as opportune for pressing this question rapidly to a decision. I will draw the attention of the Government of India to the subject, and they will no doubt be me know their views at an early date.

THE ROYAL SCOTS AND THE COLABA GARRISON CHURCH.

Notice had been given for May 23 for Sir John Jardine.—To ask the Secretary of State for India: Whether the rank and file of the regiment of Royal Scots, now forming part of the garrison at Colaba, in the City of Bombay, are moved on parade for Sabbath morning services according to the forms of the Church of Scotland laws, for the Garrison church, without the Bishop of Bombay or other ecclesiastical authority has refused the use of the garrison church for these religious services, and, if so on what grounds, whether the circumstances have not been brought to the knowledge of the Government in India and with what result, whether the land on which the church is built was given by the Government of India: and whether any funds for building it were supplied out of the revenues of India and are yearly paid for repairs and caretakers.

THE SOUTH AFRICA OUTLOOK.

NATAL AND ZULULAND.

Reuter's correspondent at the front states that a strong force went out on May 21 to panetrate into the forest and attack Sigananda's stronghold. A native approached the column bearing a white flag and was brought in by an officer. It appears from his statement that a portion of the rebels want to surrender. The man who says he had been sent as a messenger by Sigananda's fighting induna M'Bimu, reports that Sigananda is very sick of the whole business and wanted to commit suicide on Saturday night. Another chief, N'Dabamanzie, is also sick and want to surrender, but is afraid he will be fired on. M'Bimu is also anxious to surrender owing to the heavy casualties among the rebels during Col. Mackenzie's persistent attack on May 16. The messenger was not aware where Sigananda and Bombasta had taken refuge.

Reuter's correspondent with the field force gives following estimate of the situation:—Looking only at the position in Zululand, my opinion is that the rebellion now centres completely round Bombazas. We have taken practically the whole of Sigananda's country, and have captured his herds and women. There seems to be a possibility of his surrender. The women say that the big guns and pompoms drove them to surrender. Col. Mackenzie's thrusting methods have completely upset the rebels' calculations, in less than a week from his arrival at N'kandhla he penetrated their strongholds, which they had long thought to be inaccessible. I cannot conceive the likelihood of more fighting here among Sigananda's people, unless we corner them, which is an unlikely contingency, owing to the difficult nature of the country. The whole force will now concentrate against the rebels' strongholds in the N'kandhla bush. If the rebels refuse to come out, it is difficult to foresee what turn the rebellion will take. Col. Royston had a narrow escape during the march a native firing as him point-blank at a few yards' range from the bush.

The Natal Budget.—Pietermaritzburg, May 20 (Reuter).—The estimates for Natal for the financial year ending June 30, 1907, show an anticipated expenditure of £4,737,517, as compared with £5,304,947 for the financial year ending June 30, 1906.

The Rhodesian Budget.—Salisbury, May 19.—The Treasurer to-day introduced the Budget for southern Rhodesia in the Legislative Council. It shows that the revenue for the financial year 1905-1906 was £523,078 being £5,122 in excess of the estimates. The expenditure amounted to £330,067 as compared with the estimate of £351,849. The revenue for 1906-1907 is estimated at £457,040, and the expenditure at £531,000. The Treasurer said the Administration was prepared to reduce the transfer and the company amalgamation and reconstruction duties. He anticipated a general substantial improvement after years of hope deferred.

With reference to the Reutor's Agency message the Times is informed by the British South Africa Company that the statement as to the revenue and expenditure of Southern Rhodesia for 1905-1907 is incomplete. The total revenue is estimated at £532,460, instead of the £457,040, mentioned in the cable, and the expenditure at £631,000. The estimates accordingly show a small surplus.

Transvaal.—Johannesburg, May 21.—Since the beginning of the importation of Chinese labourers 3,703 have been repatriated, 806 of whom paid their expenses, while 318 were sent back as undesirables and 2,948 as physically unfit. At present there are 12 applications for repatriation under the terms of the repatriation notice of May 11.

THE LACK OF WATER IN MALWANI.

The following petition has been addressed to the District Collector of Thana by the residents of Malwani:—We the undersigned residents of Malwani, Ratouri and Kaldy in Salsette, beg most respectfully to invite your attention to our application to your predecessor, Mr. Anderson, bringing to his notice the severe distress caused by want of water to man and beast and requesting him to pay a personal visit to the scene of distress and to relieve the suffering of the people and of their cattle.

2. The need of providing water for Malwani and villages adjacent thereto is being constantly pressed on the attention of the authorities in several positions addressed to them and complaints found their way to the leading newspapers of Bombay but all to no means hitherto employed for the purpose of calling the attention to the distress have proved futile. We may be permitted to say that the sufferings are daily increasing and must be the result of people taking to bad and unwholesome water, cholera has broken out at Malwani, which has caused much alarm.

We shall therefore feel obliged if you will pay a visit to Malwani and see for yourself how things stand.

If you are unable to pay a visit you will issue orders to arrest the progress of the disease and to provide water, and for this act of kindness you will receive the grateful thanks of the poor.

THE WEEK'S MAIL SUMMARY.

LONDON, MAY 25.

HOME.

Court.—The King received at Buckingham Palace on May 18 the German municipal representatives, who had been entertained by the Eighty Club on the 17th, and who, after visiting Birmingham on the 19th, left England on the 20th.—The King visited the Naval and Military Tournament on the 18th and the Austrian Exhibition on the 19th.—His Majesty witnessed field operations at Aldershot on Wednesday, the 23rd.—The Queen landed at Portsmouth on the 22nd and returned to London.—The Prince and Princess of Wales were entertained on the 18th at a "dejeuner" by the City Corporation. The Prince gave an interesting sketch of their Royal Highnesses' experiences and impressions in India. Mr. Balfour and Mr. Morley also spoke.—Prince Arthur of Connaught arrived in England on the 18th from Japan and Canada.

Cricket.—Last Friday, Notts beat Leicestshire by nine wickets. Somerset beat Warwickshire by eight wickets, and Essex beat Northamptonshire by the same margin. On Saturday, Yorkshire beat Kent by 119 runs, Surrey beat Oxford University by 141 runs. On Wednesday, Warwickshire beat Hampshire by 107, Lancashire beat Derbyshire by 103, and M. C. C. beat Oxford University by 134.

Drama.—Boy O'Carrol, a comedy, by B. M. Dix and G. Sutherland, appeared at the Imperial on Saturday; and Shore Acres, by J. A. Herne, at the Waldorf on Monday. On Tuesday, The Lion and the Mouse, by C. Klein, was produced at the the Duke of York's; and on Wednesday, Mrs. Patrick Campbell appeared in The Whirlwind at the Criterion.

Ecclesiastical.—The London Diocesan Conference last week condemned "Christian Science" as antagonistic both Christianity and to science.—The Archbishop of Canterbury presided over a meeting of Girls' Friendly Society last week.—The Bishop of Winchester presided at the annual meeting of the Christian Evidence Society.—The Bishop of London took the chair on Monday at a meeting in support of Rookhampton diocese.—A meeting to promote the religious education of children of the upper classes was held on Tuesday.—The Bishop of Southwark preached in St. Paul's on Tuesday for foreign missions.—On Wednesday the Scottish Assemblies were opened in Edinburgh.

Education.—Mr. A. H. D. Acland, at the British and Foreign School Society's meeting last Friday, announced a new system of Government grants to local authorities for building training colleges. Mr. Acland and the Bishop of Hereford both supported the main proposals of the Education Bill.—The Independent Labour party held a demonstation in the Queen's hall and demanded secular education.

Golf.—Scotland beat England at Hoylake on Saturday.—Mrs. Kennion won the ladies' championship last week, beating Miss Simpson.

Ireland.—Moville is to be abandoned as a port of call for Canadian mail steamers.

Law.—The Bodmin and Worcester election petitions are being tried.

Naval and Military.—Seven lives were lost on May 17 in a British torpedo-boat which capsized off Suez.—The Royal Small Arms Factory at Sparkbrook has been acquired by the Birmingham Small Arms Company.—The Royal Military Tournament which is being held this year at Olympia is an imitation of tilting in Tudor times.—The War Stores Commission last Friday heard evidence from Staff-Sergeant-Major Wilkin, Corporal Hilton, Captain Evans, and Captain Limond. On Tuesday, Staff-Sergeant Beavan offered some further explanation as to money he had received from a contractor, but Mr. Justice Farwell intimated that it was not satisfactory. Colonel Hammet admitted having received £200 from James Morgan. Evidence was also given by Colonel F. B. Buist, Lieutenant W. W. H Cooper, and Major G. F. Watson. On Wednesday Col. Hipwell was among the witnesses.

Newspaper Press Fund.—The American Ambassador, at the annual dinner of this fund on Saturday, deprecated the corruption of the English language by American slang.

Parliament.—The House of Lords on the 17th rejected, by 93 to 24, the Aliens Bill, which had been unopposed in the other House. On the 18th the Merchant Shipping (Aliens) Bill was discussed and withdrawn. On the 21st, there was a debate on the exclusion of Canadian store cattle. On the 22nd, the Criminal Appeal Bill was discussed, and the Juvenile Smoking Bill was read a second time. The House of Commons spent the afternoon of the 17th in discussing the vote for the Parliament buildings. On the 18th, the Town Tenants (Ireland) Bill was read a second time, by 244 to 54, after a lively scene caused by a statement by Mr. T. L. Corbett about Mr. T. W. Russell. On the 21st the House rejected by majorities of 260 and 249 two proposed instructions regarding the Education Bill. The Bill went into Committee, when three amendments were negatived. On the 22nd, the House rejected other amendments, including one to enable non-provided schools to contract out of the new system. On the 23rd, the debate was continued on the 23rd, and the House also passed a resolution that further reforms in Macedonia were urgently needed.—The Government has agreed to stop the issuing of pilots' certificates to aliens.—The Prime Minister received a deputation in favour of women's suffrage on Saturday, but would not pledge himself to such action as they desired.

The Royal Geographical Society held its annual meeting on Monday, Sir G. Goldie presiding.

Wills.—Mr. E. Steinkopff left estate valued at £1,247,022, of which the greater part is to be left, on the death of his daughter, Mrs. Stewart-Mackenzie, to such charities as she appoints. Dr. T. Corbett, of Droitwich left £385,749, of which about £150,000 goes to hospitals and other charities. Of £75,437 left by Mr. W. H. Milligan, the Gordon Boys' Home and Keble College, Oxford, will receive about £23,000 each. Mr. R. Turnbull left £103,301, including £399 to charities.

THE EMPIRE.

Australia.—At a celebration of the jubilee of responsible government in New South Wales, on Tuesday, the Governor read a congratulatory message from the King.—The Commonwealth Premier, at Sydney last week, defined his policy as threefold—protection, settlement and self defence.—Mr. Moore Premier of Western Australia, in a speech on Tuesday, explained the leading features of his programme.—Admiral Ishimamura, at banquet given by the Lord Mayor of Sydney on Tuesday, attributed the Japanese successes at sea to the fact that their ships had been built after British models, and their officers trained in the British Navy.

Natal.—The columns of British troops engaged against the rebel Zulus have effected a junction at Cetewayo's grave.—Sigananda and another native chief are reported to be anxious to surrender.—The Umvoti Field Force last week pursued 150 rebels into the Mackala bush, killing several of them, and capturing a quantity of cattle and goats.—Inspector Walters, in charge of a road party, was murdered on the night of the 10th, 9 miles from Nkandhla.—The Premier announces that a Commission on native affairs will be appointed when the disturbances have been settled.

Transvaal.—Only 12 Chinese have so far applied for repatriation under the new order.

THE UNITED STATES.

Panama Canal.—Interesting statistics are published in support of the decision against a sea level.

British Relations.—The Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate has agreed to diplopmatic action to settle disputes with Great Britain.

FOREIGN.

Austria-Hungary.—The Emperor-King, who unveiled a statue of King Stephen at Budapest on Monday, opened the new Hungarian Parliament on Tuesday. He expressed a hope that all legislative factors would now cooperate without hitch. Alluding to the friendly relations existing with foreign States, he declared the continued necessity of provision for defence. A Bill would be introduced providing for universal suffrage.

China.—All the foreign Powers are now supporting the British action against the new Customs edict.

France.—The second ballots in the French elections took place on Sunday and further increased the Government majority. In Paris, Nationalists were largely defeated by Socialists and Radicals.—The Pope, it is said, will leave French Catholics free to form "associations cultuelles under the Separation Law.

Germany.—The Reichstag on Saturday passed the proposed new taxes.—The Emperor, speaking on Sunday in Lorraine, expressed a conviction that, with the national armaments to support him, he would be able to preserve peace for the Empire.—The Navy League has been meeting at Hamburg.—The Foreign Secretary declares that the period of Anglo-German estrangement is past.

Italy.—The Sonnino Ministry have resigned owing to an adverse vote on a question of procedure.—The Simplon Tunnel was formally opened on Saturday by the King of Italy and the Swiss President.—The Postal Union Congress, which practically closed on Tuesday, has adopted several reforms, largely at the instance of the British delegate. Japan.—Viscount Hayashi has become Foreign Minister.—Baron Komura, Japan's chief representative at the Peace Conference, succeeds him as Ambassador in London.—The report that the Russian Ambassador had acted discourteously to Sir Claude Macdonald if authoritatively denied.

Morocco.—A sailing vessel flying the British flag has been captured by a brigand chief.

Russia.—The Duma adopted the Address in reply to the Speech from the Throne without a dissentient voice. No one, even on the Conservative side, opposed the principle of expropriation of land. On Monday it was announced that the Tsar wished the Address to be sent in the usual way, with an explanatory memorandum. The House adjourned till yesterday.—The question of Anglo-Russian relations has again been raised.

Spain.—King Alfonso is to meet Princesses Henry and Ena of Battenberg at Irun this morning, May 25, and accompany them to Madrid.

Obituary.—Henrik Ibsen, Rear-Admiral Bythesea, Sir J. Vaughan, Sir T. Richardson, Major Grice-Hutchinson, Mrs. Henry Reeve, Captain H. C. K. Fraser, Mr. J. E. Vanner, Mr. G. C. Cornwall, Mr. E. O. Danvers, M., Andre Godfernaux.—"Times."

With Gusto!

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Brown & Polson's

raising powder

"Paisley Flour"

(Trade Mark.)

The flavour will be more pleasing; cakes so soft that they melt in the mouth; pastry, crisp and short.

AN EXTRAORDINARY PUBLICATION.

It is stated—in the paper itself—that "the Gaelic American is now widely known in India, and there is hardly an educated Indian who has not either read or heard of it. From a specimen copy or two of this delectable fly-sheet which we have had a glimpse of, we should imagine that educated Indians generally would not be so ready to own up to the acquaintance as its editor imagines. One or two extracts will indicate why a "self-respecting" Indian gentleman might not care to respond to the Gaelic editor's effusiveness:—

"If there is any sense of humanity and justice left among Irishmen, not a single man who claims oppressed Ireland for his motherland should lift a hand or fire a shot against an enemy of Great Britain. Every enemy of that bloodstained country and everyone in revolt against its infamous Government and its old debauche and purjurer of a King (God——him!), should be regarded by all true Irishmen as a friend and ally, no matter what his race, colour, or creed." We must apologise for reproducing the brutality, to show character of the paper in question.

The plague and its causes are still baffling the British and other experts in bacteriology, and its origin and propagation, which were first put down to rats, are now attributed to a particular kind of flea, and that the rat fleas carry plague from rat to rat and from rat to man. To this some might say 'Rats!' but to others it might occur that the plague is a natural consequence of the debilitating effects of British bloodsucking of India, and that the way to get rid of the plague is to rid the country of the British. At least that is the opinion of the "Gaelic American" expert on the subject.

We cannot say that we hold the present ruler of Turkey in high personal esteem, but if it comes to a fight between the Turk and the Briton we devoutly hope the Turk may win. As Irishmen we cannot forget that at the time of the great famine, when the peasants of Ireland were perishing by tens of thousands of starvation and famine fever, the Sultan of Turkey sent dois 100,000 to help relieve the sufferings of our people, and we do not forget that the Government of the British Queen, Victoria the Good, refused to allow it to be accepted.

We hope and believe that sentiments like these do not commend themselves to educated Indians, whatever may be their political views, and that they will not be tempted, in expressing them, to take their cue from the Irish-American hoodlum. Indeed, it would appear from the following note, that the "Gaelic American" is disappointed at the failure of its efforts to inflame native feeling against British rule:—

The way in which some individual Indians and Indian papers speak and write of British rule, hating it all the while is very curious. It can only be compared with what writers who were present at the destruction of the Bastille tell of the way in which some of the prisoners behaved when they were being liberated. Most of the victims of the rule that prevailed before the revolution took their release joyfully, but there were not a few who were so dazzled by the light of the sun and so accustomed to the narrow limits of their prison cells that they asked to be taken back to them.

So it is with the Indians we refer to. The prospect of the brilliancy of the sun of liberty and the wideness of freedom is too much for their poor eyes and weak minds. They want to be kept in British leading-strings, to be ruled justly by men to whom justice is a thing unknown, and who, as the records of British rule everywhere are showing, know no other means of Government except deceit and brute force. For such poor creatures one can only have pity. They neither understand nor are they fit for liberty, and can be only obstacles to its attainment by the Indian people, who, if what the "Gaelic American" hears from India every week is to be relied on, are awakening to a full sense of their wrongs and of their own power to redress them.

The "educated Indian," however, may take notice, that this precious critic is not less dissatisfied with the spirit and methods of his own suffering and struggling countrymen in Ireland:—The tide is undoubtedly turning in Ireland and the eyes of the people are opening. Nine out of ten of the young men who arrive here tell the same story of loss of confidence in parliamentary methods and returning tourists corroborate them. The return of 70 members of Parliament, whose election nobody contested, proves nothing except that British law calls for the election. John Sadlier, Billy Keogh and the brass band had a majority of the Irish electors at their back in the fifties while they were looking for jobs themselves and their constituents' younger sons. Isaac Butt and Shaw had the same majority for their milk-and-water Home Rule policy and when Parnell arose with a more vigorous policy he knocked them to smithereens.

Redmond has gone back to the Butt and Shaw policy and the country is disgustedly waiting for the evolution of a stronger and more practical policy. That policy is looming up, and when the people see their way Mr. Redmond's combination of Buttism and Dunvenism will have none to do it honour.

Here is a characteristic tea lerette from the same source (May 12);—

RUSSIAN SUGAR—INDIAN TEA.

The following interesting conversation took place in the British House of Commons on April 10 last between a private member and Lord Rosebery's Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, Sir Edward Grey, whom some of our "well-informed" New York papers, including the "Herald," frequently confound with Earl Grey, who graced the Pilgrims' feast here a few weeks ago. It was as follows:

Sir Seymour King asked the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs whether, in view of the fact that the Russian Government had imposed extra duties on Indian and Ceylon teas, by way of retaliation for [illegible] under the Brussels Convention, by Great State if Russia had retaliated in any way against any other nations which were parties to the Convention; and, if not, why India, which was not a party to the Sugar Convention, should be singled out for vicarious punishment for Great Britain's action; and what steps his Majesty's Government proposed to take for India's protection.

Sir Edward Grey: The reply to the first question is in the negative. With regard to the second, his Majesty's Government have not been informed of the reason why Russia retaliated upon Indian and Ceylon and not upon the United Kingdom. With regard to the third, I would refer the hon. member to the answer given to him on the 22nd ult.

Observe the tender regard for poor "India" in this matter. As a matter of fact, India is no more punished by this action of Russia than is Dahomey. The tea plantations of India are all in the hands of some of the greatest brutes barbured by British rule in that unfortunate country. They are mostly in Assam and Eastern Bengal, the new province carved out of the old province of Bengal, which is the scene of the exploits of Sir "Teapot" Fuller, with which the Indian papers are now full, and the coolies employed in them are in a state of slavery to the noble British tea planters worse than anything described in Uncle Tom's Cabin.

It is for the protection of these tea planter scoundrels, and not the Indian people, that Sir Seymour King is so anxious. We are glad to see that Russia has discovered a spot where she can hit back at the British, and hope she will continue to hit vigorously. There is nothing like touching the brutes' pockets for bringing them to reason.

Educated Indians may at least be relied on to appreciate circumstances and facts that lie under their own observation, and it can hardly be supposed that their minds will be affected by travesties of both, or by irrational and brutal comments of this kind. In this instance the educated Indian has much more sense and good feeling than his would-be censor credits him with.

THE FIRE ON THE CITY OF YORK.

LASCAR'S FATAL LEAP.

Early on the morning of May 23 a fire suddenly burst out on the steamship City of York, owned by the Elerman Lines (Limited), whilst lying alongside, the Eastern berth, close to Tilbury Dock Station. The vessel arrived in the Thames from Calcutta only on Monday afternoon, with passengers and a general Indian cargo. Her passengers at once entrained for London, leaving on board a crew of about twenty Englishmen and 109 Lascars. In the early hours of the morning the alarm of the fire, three of the natives jumped overboard and one sustained fatal injuries by striking his back on a barge.

Fortunately the dock officials were early aware of the outbreak, for they had just finished docking the Atlantic Transport Company's steamship Minnetonka, the largest steamer entering the Port of London. Under Captain H. Martin Johnson, R. N. R., the assistant dock master, a large number of men had been engaged in pasting the big vessel through the locks, and they were on their way home when, at about twenty minutes past two, they saw a sudden burst of flame. There was no smoke, and the blaze, in the words of one eye-witness, was like the Prince of Wales's feathers at a fireworks display. The party in the dock yards knew at once that a serious outbreak had occurred on one of the ships, and they hastened to get alongside what proved to be the City of York with one of the tug-tugs, the other being still engaged in towing the Minnetonka into position.

As the tug neared the vessel it was seen several iron plates were red hot to the water's edge on the starboard side. Hoses were at once got to play on the upper bridge deck, where two boats were in flames. The fire at this spot was soon knocked out and then from a dozen to twenty hoses attacked No. 4 hold, which was beginning to blaze furiously, the hatches having been blown up. Tons of water were thrown down the hold, but it was not till four o'clock that the fire showed any signs of abatement. By this time the after decks had buckled through the intense heat, and the iron plates were too hot to stand upon for several hours.

In addition to the ship's crew and the dock hands, the London Fire Brigade float Beta, from Cherry-gardens, was sent on during the morning and got to work with seven deliveries. Mr. Sidney Gamble, the second officer, and Superintendent Riddle were in charge of the brigade, and Captain Black directed the operations of his crew. Not till late in the afternoon was the fire finally got under, and then for several hours the dock floats were engaged, in pumping out an enormous quantity of water. It was a curious sight to see the Lascars removing their belongings. One man very carefully carried away a cage containing two parrots, another had a strange assortment of a dozen umbrellas. The intensity of the heat may be imagined by the fact that the paint on the boats of the Bibby liner Staffordshire, over forty yards distant, was scorched and blistered. As for the City of York, the officers quarters were badly damaged, and the saloon also suffered injury, practically the whole of the cargo, about 10,000 tons of jute, etc. was destroyed.

HOME REMITTANCES.

The Treasury Calcutta, 4th June 1906.
The weekly Memorandum of Remittances to the Home Treasury by means of Council Bills:—

1	Amount to be remitted during 1906-07	£17,800,000
2	Remitted from 1st April 1906 to 2nd June 1906 by Council Bills	£2,813,000
	By Gold	Nil
3	Balance to be remitted from 3rd June 1906 to 31st March 1907	£14,987,000

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GOSSIP OF THE WEEK.

LONDON, MAY 25.

ROMANCE OF REAL LIFE.

Russia has witnessed one romance whose hero was not of her own people. In Russian and other newspapers there ran for months an advertisement beseeching one Count Montecucoli to arise and declare himself. At last an accident brought him to light in Siberia. There, acting as a railway guard, was Count Montecucoli, head of the great Austrian family of that name. Broken by wildness and extravagance, he had had to quit the Austrian navy and fly. Going from bad to worse, he had taken the lowest rank on the railway, and there by industry worked his way up to the post of guard. It was now his joyful lot to learn that his uncle, head of his house, had died and left him enormous estates and £300,000 a year.

FORTUNE'S WHEEL.

The Duma is introducing new men to the world. We know not what craftors and geniuses there are in the mass of Russians hitherto dumb; the Duma is to bring some of them to the front. The hour corresponds with that hour in the history of France when from the ranks sprang warriors and orators and administrators, whose names, never until then heard, can never fade from the page of history. Russia could stock her Duma with men of high-sounding titles who can claim to be really of the poorest. Gorki has for one of his characters a Caucasian tramp who is a Prince. There are many princely families in the Caucasian provinces, where it was the habit of the old Mingrelian sovereigns to confer high-sounding titles upon the smallest pretext. A peasant was ennobled for returning a scarf to his sovereign; another was similarly honoured for acting as beater at a royal battue. Small shopkeepers, drivers of public conveyances, and others in menial stations are among Russia's princes.

AN HISTORIC CONTEST.

The sportive suggestion that there should be a contest between the huge battleship which America is to build and the English Dreadnought comes not inappropriately from a land where day organise collisions between railway trains, minus passengers for the entertainment of select companies of millionaires. We did once have in this country a contest almost as fanciful as that proposed—not a fight with guns, but paddle versus screw. Sir William Symonds, surveyor and principal designer to the Admiralty, could not be brought to believe in the propeller; steamships of any sort were monstrous: the screw impossible. The day came when the choice had finally to be made. They tied two ships stern to stern and when the screw-propelled vessel had triumphed over the paddle steamer in this ludicrous tug-of-war, then, by the result, and by nothing else, the Lord of the Admiralty felt justified in modelling the Navy anew.

WHY WE WON TRAFALGAR.

Other nations may laugh now at the blundering conservatism of John Bull in a matter such as this; but France and America were not more receptive of new ideas. The experiences of Fulton and Ericsson in America were of a heartbreaking character. Fulton's sojourn in France was practically abortive. He laid before Napoleon his plan for steam navigation. It was one which would probably have appealed to the great innovator had he personally investigated it. But he preferred to leave the decision to a commission of wiseacres, who reported that navigation by the aid of steam was an obvious absurdity. That was two years before the battle of Trafalgar was fought. Had he accepted the advice of Fulton and gone at once to building the great army massed at Boulogne might after all have landed in England and wrought his military miracles upon British soil instead of at Austerlitz, to which Trafalgar turned it.

IN TIMES OF PERIL.

In the shades of mind-Victorians revisit their old-time haunts, the present year must be one of sore of tribulation to them. We have had Japanese and French; we have the German mayors still with us; we have an Austrian exhibition flourishing in our midst and more exchanges of internation all visits are to follow. All this is a direct falsification of the tremendous prophecies of evil called to forth by the Great influx of people from abroad. England was warned, would produce frightful epidemics; perhaps black death—cholera for a certainty. The large immigration of foreigners, on the pretence of seeing the exhibition, would but make the opportunity to seize and sack the capital. Our industries were to be destroyed by the creation of a taste for foreign goods. England's whole future prosperity was to be imperilled, these unhappy ones averred, to gratify the wish of the foreign Prince who had married Queen Victoria. What frightful perils the country has had to brave.

THE MAGIC WIRES.

When Rain-in-the-Face becomes plain Mr. Water Butt or something of that sort, the last trace of romance of Red Indian life will have disappeared. And with the romance will go, too, native superstition and credulity. Sir General Miles's feat as a wonder-worker will stand unparalleled. He was commissioned to round up a warlike tribe of Redskins and managed to get their chiefs to agree to a parley. Having got field telephones rigged up about his camp, he distributed the braves at the various station, and got them to talk to one another over the wires. It was their first experience of applied electricity. The swarthy faces became moist with perspiration their sturdy limbs shook. Men who had war records as long as their arms trembled and whimpered with terror like children. They agreed at once to peace. The men who could command the voice of the Great Spirit and send it over a strip of wire were no longer to be fought.

BEHIND THE SCENES

It was near to Bodmin, where election petition is now being heard, that upon a similar [illegible] Justice Willes made [illegible] Serjeant Ballantine considered a ridiculous exhibition of emotion. A doctor was accused of bribery—an allegation which Ballantine considerd to have been fully made out. The judge almost burst into tears at the idea of a member of that noble profession being guilty of such a crime. There was pathos in this judge's life of which not all his contemporaries knew. I am worn out I could sleep for three weeks, he said to his doctor upon quitting Liverpool, and to his aged clerk added, I am weary but cannot sleep. I have had no sleep for a fortnight. What have you been doing asked his henchman, Reading German, was the reply. God bless my soul! Why don't you seek rest my lord! He did. They found him at rest, with a bullet through his heard, driven to this dreadful end by overwork and resultant insomnia,

FLEETING TIME.

Lanhydrock, the home of Lord Clifden, whose name is now prominent in connection with the Bodmin peerdom, has seen as many vicissitudes as most ancestral seats. There was a Lord Robartes there when England bowed before James I.; there was a Lord Robartes again when Gladstone conferred a peerage upon his faithful supporter a generation or more ago. That title is now merged in the viscounty. Perhaps it was the thought of the changes in this family which induced Gladstone to tell, when there, the story on the Scottish laird who predetermined that there should be no more feus on his estate. An old tenant who kicked against the innovation was informed that in place of the feu he might have a lease of 999 years. Would not that satisfy him? Weel, answered the farmer—weel, ye ken, time soon runs awa.

RIGHT YET WRONG.

The many attempts which are being made to account for the vagaries of the Gulf Stream recall a difficulty which pilots had some years ago in regard to the English Channel. They came unanimously to the conclusion that there was a current setting towards the French shore. To allow for that supposed current, they made a practice of steering to the north of the course which by the chart and compass they should have held. Scientific investigation showed that, owing to the action of the iron in ships, the deflection of an unadjusted compass was such as to make it right, when the vessel's head lay either east or west, to steer to the north of the course by chart as indicated by that compass. Captains who had been unable to accept the explanation of their pilots and had steered what seemed to them the right course, had been lost. The result at which the pilots arrived was correct, though their reason was, of course, ludicrous.

THE MIGHTY DANIEL.

In a Kentish village is a schoolboy whose proportions promise to eclipse all records. Fifteen years of age, he is over six feet in height, and tips the beam at 25 stones. This excels the record—weight for age—of our immortal Daniel Lambert. A great athlete in his youth, it was not until the had completed his twenty-first year that he began to be conspicuous for size. He was keeper of Leicester Gaol at this period, and within a complete of years weighed 32 stones. He retired from the gaol with a £50 annuity, had a special carriage built in which to come to London, and say his mighty self down to receive company in Piccadilly. Here and at other places where he exhibited he grew and grew and grew, until, when he seated himself, so fat was he that his thighs could not be seen while his calves, bulging out like pillows, almost buried his feet.

IMMORTALITY.

If his body was gross, his mind was not; for contemporary chronicles declare him to have been amiable, polite, and particularly ready in repartee. Moreover, his face was manly and intelligent. Daniel died at the age of thirty-nine from fatty degeneration of the heart. He weighed 52-3 4 stones, and left to King's Lynn Museum one of his waistcoats with a girth of 102 inches. His funeral was one of the strangest in history. The undertakers had to blind a coffin containing 112 superfical feet of elm place it upon two axle-trees and four wheels and up on these roll down the body upon a gradual incline to the burial-ground. Lambert has his place in the language as the synonym for immensity. London is to George Mozedith the Daniel Lambert of Cities, and Herbert Spencer has a Daniel the Lambert of Learning.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a. m., yesterday, give the following results:—

Wards.	Plague Attacks.	Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	2	0	5
Mandvi, Chakla, Comercharkhadi and Dongri	1	2	26
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Panjrapole, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao and Kumbharwada	5	3	27
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpatti, Walkeshwar, and Malabarhill	0	0	3
E Mazagaon, Parwady, 2nd Nagpada, Kamathipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	5	5	31
F Parel, Sewree and Sion	0	0	11
G Mahim and Worli	4	4	12
Water Division	0	0	0
Non-Residents and Unknown	0	0	0
H Ajetlais	0	0	11
Total	17	14	126
Total plague deaths to date	130,107		207,3507
Same time last year	90	77	119

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MARVELLOUS PREPARATION.

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RETAIL FROM ALL PROVISION MERCHANTS.

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TO H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

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PHOTO DEALERS,
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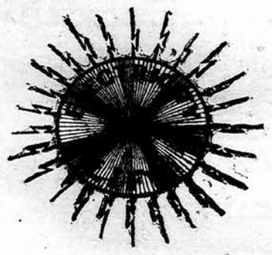
BOMBAY.

"WAS SUPPOSED NEVER TO WALK AGAIN." PARALYZED FOR 3 YEARS!



THINK OF IT! 3 years in bed, unable to move; now walks. MRS. ROBERTS' letter tells the whole story:—

7, CONTRACTORS' BUILDING,
CLARE ROAD, BYCULLA, BOMBAY,
7th September, 1905.

DR. A. T. SANDEN.

SIR,

This is a true and candid statement which I wish to be made known to the Public at large about your Herculex.

I was paralysed for a period of three years and unable to leave my bed; I had the advice of many experienced Doctors, but of no avail; and they all gave me the same reply that I would never walk; and I also tried many drugs. At last I gave up all hopes of ever walking again, when I saw an Advertisement in the "Times of India" concerning your Herculex and its wonderful cure, so I made up my mind to see you personally about my sickness.

After seeing you, my hopes revived a little, but I still had a doubt, until I brought the Herculex and wore it; to my surprise and joy, I was able to walk about the house by holding to things as I passed them; after two months' use I was able to go for a change and back with the help of my daughter, aged fourteen, and up-to-date I am doing remarkably well and hope soon to be perfectly well, though you did not expect to find a change before the end of six months.

I am, indeed, thankful to you for your care and kind attention, and your Herculex Belt is a wonderful cure, which I hope will benefit many more sufferers same as I was.

Yours faithfully,
(Sd.) B. ROBERTS.

This needs no comment. Judge for yourself after cures like this It will pay you to investigate my system of treatment. All consultations are free! If you are unable to call, write for my latest works on electrical treatment, which will be mailed you free on receipt of your name and address.

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Gold pendant set pearls, Rs. 32.

Gold brooch set sapphire and pearls, Rs. 100.

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Gold pearl pendant, Rs. 38.

Gold pendant set pearl, Rs. 32.

Gold pendant set pearls and gold chain, Rs. 50.

Gold brooch set peridot and pearls, Rs. 140.

Gold necklet set pearls, Rs. 250.

Gold brooch olivine and pearls, Rs. 112.

Gold pendant and chain set pearls, Rs. 50.

Cold pearls, Set Bracelet Rs. 205.

Gold pendant set turquoise and pearls, Rs. 115.

Gold pendant set pearls, Rs. 75.

Gold pendant set pearls, Rs. 70.

Gold pendant set pearls, Rs. 38.

Gold pendant set pearls Rs. 38

Gold pendant set diamonds and pearls, Rs. 135

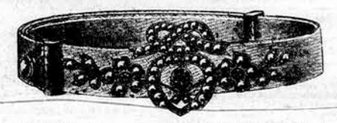
Gold pendant set pearls platinum and gold chain, Rs. 55.

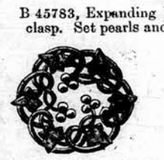
Gold necklet of turquoise and pearls, Rs. 275.

Gold pendant set pearls and gold chain, Rs. 50.

MARCKS & Co., Ld. BOMBAY AND POONA.

B 22752, Necklet with pendant set with Emeralds, Ruby and pearl, Rs. 110.


B 45783, Expanding bracelet with patent clasp. Set pearls and rubies, Rs. 250.


B 38652, Enamelled brooch, set pearls, Rs. 32.

B 45395, Set diamonds, rubies and pearl, Rs. 220.

B 23547, Bracelet set with opal and pearls, Rs. 46.

B 42396, 15ct. gold, pear and turquoise safety pin, Rs. 10-8.

B 37890, 15 ct. gold, twisted wire brooch, Rs. 10.

B 39361, Bracelet set with turquoise matrix and baroque pearls Rs. 90

B 35491, Rs. 22. B 34852, 18ct. gold, Rs. 3-12, 9ct. Rs. 3-8

B 37144, Solid gold charm, Rs. 17

B 44194. Turquoise matrix mounted in 15ct. gold, Rs. 31.

B 45936, Gold platinum and diamond pin, Rs. 45.

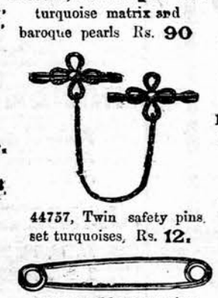
46258, Brooch, 18carat gold Rs. 20. 15carat gold, Rs. 18.

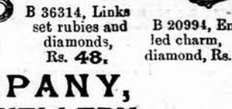
B 22340, scarf pin set pearls, Rs. 17. B 35479, gold links, Rs. 23.

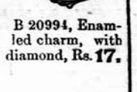
B 21046, Bracelet set with 3 rubies, Rs. 50.

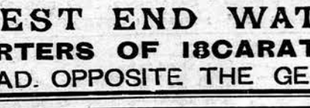
B 32675, opal safety pin, Rs. 5.

B 32765, Pearl safety pin, Rs. 6-8.


44757, Twin safety pins set turquoises, Rs. 12.


B 36314, Links set rubies and diamonds, Rs. 48.


B 20994, Enamled charm, with diamond, Rs. 17.


B 26017, Bracelet, set pearls, Rs. 40.

15carat gold safety pins, Rs. 4 to 21.

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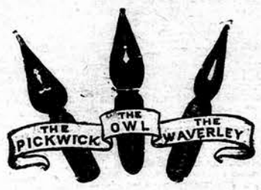

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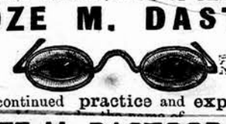
(Late partner  D. M. Dastoor & Co.)

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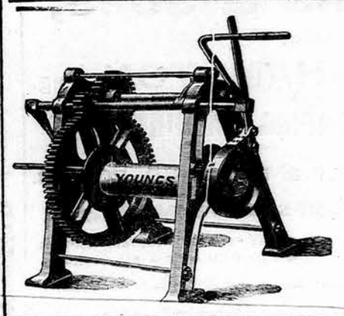

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